

## **Instruction Manual**

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**Model 2650 3.3GHz Spectrum Analyzer**

## **Before Starting To Use The Unit**

**?When you use the unit, please observe the following notes listed on the rear of the body.**



**?For you to use it safely**

- 1) When abnormal sounds, abnormal smell and smoke are emitting from the unit, remove the battery and AC adapter and stop the use.
- 2) Never use with hands that are wet, because doing so may cause damage to the unit and/or cause electric shock to the user.
- 3) Never use under the thunder clouds, because doing so may cause damage to the unit and/or cause electric shock to the user.
- 4) Never use an AC adapter other than the one specified, because doing so may cause damage to the unit. For static electricity protection, ground the unit by connecting the three cores if possible. Not grounding the unit can damage it and the object measured.
- 5) Never use a battery other than the one specified, because doing so may cause damage to the unit.  
When removing or installing the battery, be sure to do it after you turn off the unit and disconnect the AC adapter.
- 6) When replacing the fuse, disconnect the AC adapter, open the battery cover on the back and remove battery, and then take sufficient care to perform the replacement. Use a 5A/250V fuse (slow-blow type).  
Never use a fuse not specified because doing so may cause damage to the unit.

## **?Guarantee of quality**

### **Guarantee period**

Guarantees that the unit will be repaired for any failure free of charge if the failure occurs because of our responsibility within one year after original owners date of purchase. However, the above guarantee does not apply to such a failure that:

- 1) is caused by a fire, natural disasters, etc.
- 2) is caused by inappropriate handling of the unit, such as dropping it while moving it after purchasing.
- 3) is caused by handling counter to the instructions or precautions listed in the operating manual.
- 4) is caused by modifying the unit or by being considered to be your responsibility because of inappropriate use.

We will not be responsible for direct or indirect damage caused by use of this product or by a failure of this product.

### **Warm-up time**

When turning on the unit, allow it to warm-up for at least 10 minutes, because the temperature inside is low.

### **Precautions for storage**

- 1) Strictly observe the storage conditions specified for this unit, such as avoiding direct sunlight and dust.
- 2) Store this unit in a place where -20? ~ 60? , less than 60? /70%RH, variations in temperature and humidity are small.

### **After service**

If you have any question about the contents of this product or how to operate it, please contact us at:

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## 1 . Outlines

### 1 . 1 Product outlines

2650 is an authentic spectrum analyzer providing performance and functions that are comparable to those of large-size bench type equipment, in a compact, lightweight and inexpensive model.

#### 1 ) Compact and lightweight, 3.7lb. (1.7 kg)

The external dimensions are as small as (W×H×D) 6.4×2.8×10.2" (162×70×260 mm), and the weight is only 3.7lb. (1.7 kg) including the battery. It is very convenient for outdoor use and while on business trips.

#### 2 ) Measuring frequency bandwidth 100kHz to 3.3GHz

This bandwidth covers those of W-CDMA, CDMA, PDC, PHS, GSM, 2.4GHz band wireless LAN, Bluetooth, etc.

#### 3 ) Operation with battery for 100 minutes

When battery BP 2650 is fully charged, 2650 works for about 100 minutes (with the back light turned off). It is extremely convenient for outdoor use and for use in the survey of wireless LAN installation environment.

#### 4 ) Performance that is comparable to that of large-size bench type equipment

2650 guarantees a highly stable frequency axis by PLL synthesizer system. The center frequency setup resolution is 100kHz. Furthermore, the mean noise level is -110dBm or less. Thus, a broad dynamic range is secured and the reference level can be set in 1 dB steps.

#### 5 ) Abundant functions

?Measuring functions · · · Channel power measurement, Adjacent channel leakage power measurement, Occupied frequency bandwidth measurement, Electric field strength measurement, Magnetic field strength measurement.

? Electric field strength measurement: Optimum for measurement of cellular phone and wireless LAN working environment.

? Magnetic field strength measurement: Optimum for EMI design of printed circuit boards and for evaluation of signal quality.

?Calculation functions · · · MAX HOLD, MIN HOLD, AVERAGE, OVER WRITE

?Marker peak search

?Save/load

#### 6 ) Auto tuning

The center frequency is set at the spectrum of the maximum level in the 3.3GHz band, and in addition, optimum reference level, resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth and sweep time are set when the AUTO TUNE key is pressed. This function is very convenient for measurement of an unknown signal.

### 7) **Auto range motion**

The resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth and sweep time are set automatically based on the set frequency span. It is also possible to set auto range motion only one out of resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth and sweep time.

-1-

### 8) **Hard copy of the image**

Connect a printer PT 2650 (optional) and press the [PRINT] key on 2650. The image on the screen is printed as it is.

### 9) **High resolution display on the PC screen**

The trace is displayed at high resolution, 1,001 points in the horizontal axis, on the PC screen when "PC Software AK 2650" (optional) is used.

## 1 . 2 **Standard accessories**

? AC adaptor BC 2650

? Soft carrying case

? Accessory pouch

? Fuse (It has been installed in the inside)

? Operating manual

⑥ Ni-MH Battery BP 2650 (Refer to "6.4 Installing the battery" for details.)

## 1 . 3 **Optional accessories**

? Dipole antenna AN 301, AN 302, AN 303, AN 304

(Refer to "19.4 Electric field strength measurement" for details.)

? Magnetic field probe PR 26M with a dedicated double shielded coaxial cable

(Refer to "19.5 Magnetic field strength measurement" for details.)

? PC software AK 2650 (Refer to "24. PC Software" for details.)

? Printer with AC adaptor. 4pcs of AA batteries, a roll paper

(Refer to "21. Printing" for details.)

? Roll paper for optional printer PX 2650 (with 10 rolls)

? SMA coaxial cable CC 301(50cm), CC 302(1m), CC 303(1.5m)

? The bandwidth is DC to 10GHz (VSWR< 1.5)

? Performances change by bending and deteriorate by repeating the insertion and extraction.

## 2 . Specifications

### 2 . 1 Performances

-2-

#### | Frequency section

<b>Frequency range</b>	50kHz to 3.3GHz
<b>Center frequency</b>	
<b>Setting resolution</b>	100kHz
	Allows Rotary encoder, numeric key and function key
<b>Accuracy</b>	within $\pm(30+100T)\text{kHz}\pm 1\text{dot}$ T: Sweep time(s) (frequency span: 200kHz to 10MHz, RBW: 30kHz, 23 $\pm$ 5? ) within $\pm(100+700T)\text{kHz}\pm 1\text{dot}$ T: Sweep time(s) (frequency span: 20MHz to 3.3GHz, RBW: 100kHz, 23 $\pm$ 5? )
<b>RBW frequency error</b>	within $\pm 6\%$ of RBW (RBW: 3kHz, 30kHz) within $\pm 30\%$ of RBW (RBW: 100kHz to 3MHz)
<b>Frequency span</b>	
<b>Setting range</b>	0Hz(zero span), 200kHz to 2GHz(1-2-5step) and 3.3GHz(full span)
<b>Accuracy</b>	within $\pm 3\% \pm 20T\text{kHz} \pm 1\text{dot}$ (frequency span: 200kHz to 10MHz, 23 $\pm$ 5? ) within $\pm 3\% \pm 200T\text{kHz} \pm 1\text{dot}$ (frequency span: 20MHz to 3.3GHz, 23 $\pm$ 5? ) T: Sweep time(s)
<b>Display resolution</b>	Frequency span/250 Frequency span/1000 (only the measurement by RS-232C communication)
<b>Display dot number</b>	251dots, 1001dots (only the measurement by RS-232C communication) (The unit displays data in 251 horizontal dots, but it internally captures the trace in 1001 dots)
<b>Resolution bandwidth</b>	3dB bandwidth
<b>Setting range</b>	3kHz to 3MHz(1-3step) and AUTO
<b>Accuracy</b>	within $\pm 20\%$
<b>Selectivity</b>	1:12 (typical, 3dB : 60dB)
<b>Video bandwidth</b>	100Hz to 300kHz(1-3step), OFF and AUTO
<b>SSB phase noise</b>	-90dBc/Hz (typical, 100kHz offset, RBW: 3kHz, VBW: 100Hz, Sweep time: 0.3s)
<b>Spurious response</b>	less than -60dBc
<b>Harmonics</b>	less than -40dBc (50kHz to 100MHz) less than -45dBc (100MHz to 3.3GHz)

#### | Amplitude section

<b>Reference level</b>	
<b>Setting range</b>	+10 to -40dBm(1dB step)
<b>Accuracy</b>	within $\pm 0.8\text{dB} \pm 1\text{dot}$

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(center frequency: 100MHz, RBW: 3MHz, VBW: OFF, ATT: 0dB, 23±5? )

<b>Unit</b>	dBm, dBV, dBmV, dBμV, dBμV/m, dBμA/m (dBμV/m and dBμA/m is used the measuring function)
<b>Average noise level</b>	-110dBm (typical, center frequency: 100MHz, RBW: 3kHz, VBW: 100Hz)
<b>Frequency</b>	within ±2.0dB±1dot (50kHz to 100MHz)
<b>Characteristic</b>	within ±1.0dB±1dot (100MHz to 3.3GHz) 50Ω
<b>Input impedance</b>	less than 2.0
<b>Input VSWR</b>	
<b>Input attenuator</b>	0 to 25dB (1dB step), coupled with reference level
<b>Operating range</b>	within ±0.6dB
<b>Switching error</b>	within ±0.6dB
<b>RBW switching error</b>	0.4dB(10dB/div), 0.08dB(2dB/div)
<b>Display resolution</b>	200dots
<b>Display dot number</b>	
<b>Display scale</b>	10dB/div, 2dB/div
<b>Scale</b>	within ±0.2dB/2dB±1dot
<b>Accuracy</b>	within ±0.8dB/10dB±1dot within ±1.6dB/70dB±1dot +20dBm(CW average power), 25VDC
<b>Input damage level</b>	SMA(J)
<b>Input connector</b>	
<b>  Sweep section</b>	
<b>Sweep time</b>	10ms to 30s (1-3step, frequency span: 0 to 2GHz) and AUTO
<b>Setting range</b>	30ms to 30s (1-3step, frequency span: full span) and AUTO within ±0.1%±1dot (frequency span: 0 to 2GHz)
<b>Accuracy</b>	within ±1.5%±1dot (frequency span: full span) AUTO(frequency span: zero span)
<b>Trigger mode</b>	Positive peak, Negative peak, Sample
<b>Detection mode</b>	(When sweep time is 10ms or 30ms, only Sample can be set)
<b>  Functions</b>	
<b>Marker</b>	NORM: displays frequency(7digits max) and level(4digits max) at marker point. DELTA: displays differential frequency and level between 2 markers.
<b>Peak search</b>	NORM: searches a peak point within 10div. Available NEXT peak(10max).

ZONE: searches a peak point within a zone designated by center and width.  
Marker moves to a peak point each sweep.

**Calculation** NORM, MAX HOLD, MIN HOLD, AVERAGE, OVER WRITE  
MAX/MIN HOLD: 2 to 1024 times, AVERAGE: 2 to 256

**Measuring** Channel power, Adjacent channel leakage power, Occupied frequency bandwidth,  
Electric field strength(needs optional antenna), Magnetic field strength(needs  
optional magnetic field probe) measurement

**AUTO tuning** When pushing AUTO TUNE key, the maximum level spectrum within 3.3GHz  
bandwidth is adjusted to center, and reference level, RBW, VBW and sweep time are  
adjusted to optimum values.

**Save/Load**  
**Save** Saves 100 traces and 100 setups  
**Load** Loads 1 trace and 1 setup

## ! General

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### Communication

**Interface** RS-232C  
**Baud rate** 2400 to 38400bps

**Hard copy** Allows direct hard copy with an optional printer.

### Display

**Display** LCD  
**Backlight** CFL backlight  
**Resolution** 320(H)×240(V)dots

### Power source

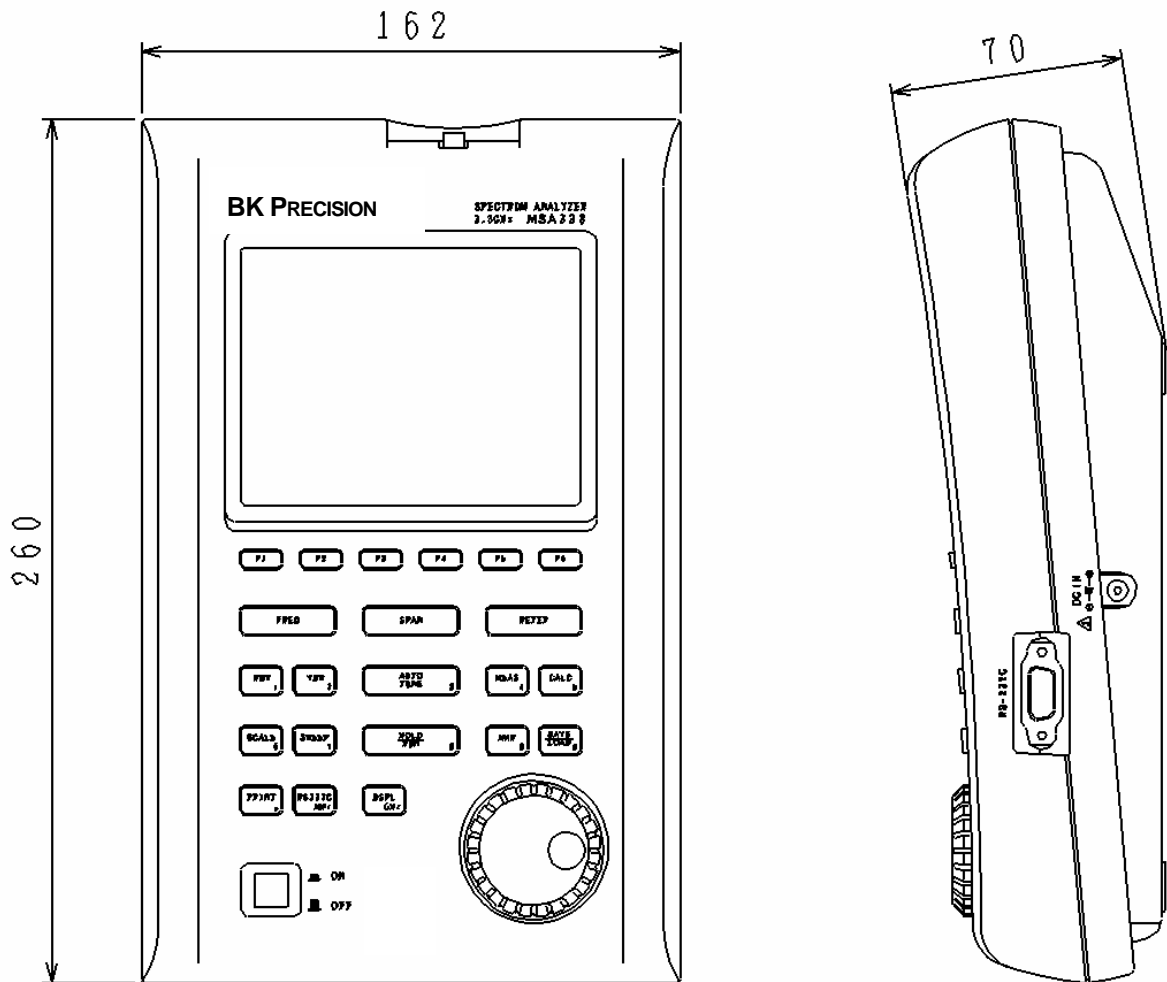
**Battery** Ni-MH battery  
**External DC source** Pin jack, DC5V/4A

## ! Other

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**Operating temperature** 0 to 40? (Guaranteed at 23±10? , without soft carrying case)  
**Operating humidity** less than 40? /80%RH  
(Guaranteed at less than 33? /70%RH, without soft carrying case)  
**Storage temperature** -20 to 60? , less than 60? /70%RH  
**Dimensions** 162(W)×70(H)×260(D)mm (exclude projections and stand)  
**Weight** approx.1.7kg (include battery), approx.1.5kg (without battery)

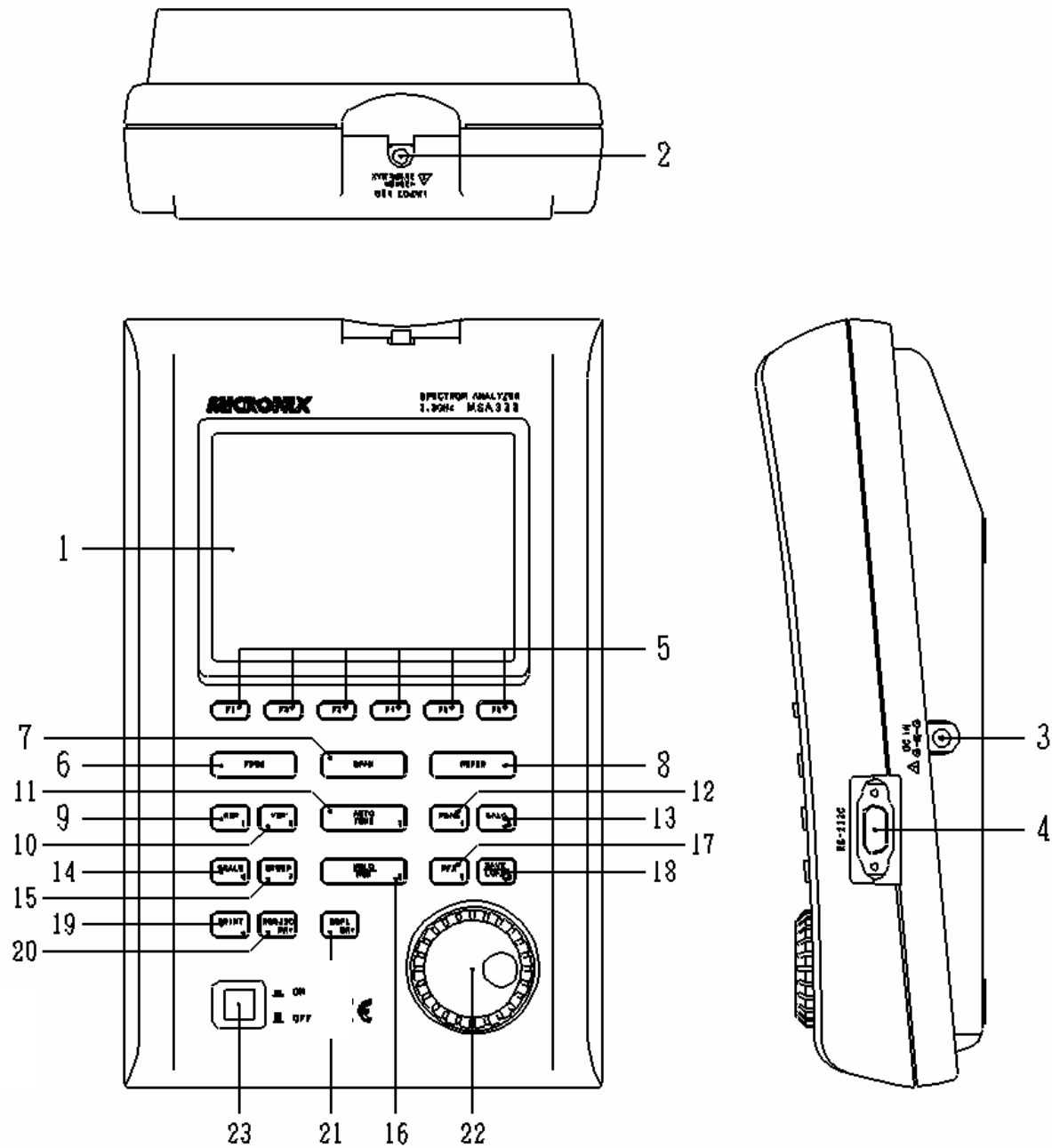
2 . 2 Outline



[Unit: mm]

? MICRONIX Corporation reserves the right to make changes in design, specification and other information without prior notice.

### 3 . Description Of Panel



## 1 ) LCD screen

This is a large liquid crystal display with 320 (H) × 240 (V) dots. It simultaneously displays traces (10 div × 8 div), various setting values, measured values, etc.

## 2 ) Input connector

SMA (J) connector.

## 3 ) Input connector for DC power source

Connects AC adaptor BC 2650.

## 4 ) RS-232C connector

Connects PC and printer, by using RS-232C cable.

## 5 ) Function keys (F1 to F6)

Functions change according to operation. Have functions corresponding to the on-screen displays.

## 6 ) Center frequency key

Use this key to set the center frequency. It can set between 0 to 3.3GHz (100kHz step).

## 7 ) Frequency span key

Use this key to set the frequency span. It can set between 200kHz to 2GHz, ZERO SPAN and FULL SPAN (3.3GHz).

## 8 ) Reference level key

Set the reference level. It can set between +10dBm to -40dBm (1dB step).

## 9 ) Resolution bandwidth key

## 1 0 ) Video bandwidth key

Use this key to set the video bandwidth. It can set between 100Hz to 300kHz and OFF.

## 1 1 ) AUTO tuning key

Tunes to the maximum level spectrum within 3.3GHz bandwidth. This does not operate normally when the signal level is -40 dBm or lower and the input frequency is 50 MHz or lower and the frequency span is ZERO SPAN and FULL SPAN.

**1 2 ) Measuring function key**

Available for Channel power, Adjacent channel leakage power, Occupied frequency bandwidth, Electric field strength and Magnetic field strength measurement.

**1 3 ) Calculation function key**

Available for Max hold, Min hold, Average and Over write.

**1 4 ) Display scale key**

Use this key to select the display scale of amplitude axis from 2dB/div or 10dB/div.

**1 5 ) Sweep key**

Use this key to set the sweep time between 10ms to 30s or set the detection mode.

**1 6 ) Hold/Run key**

Stops or restarts the measurement.

**1 7 ) Marker· Peak search key**

Use this key to set and move a marker.

**1 8 ) Save/Load key**

Saves 100traces and 100setups, and loads 1trace and 1setup.

**1 9 ) Print key**

When pressing this key, the image is printed with a printer (PT 2650 optional) as it is.

**2 0 ) RS-323C key**

Sets baud rate and transfers a current or saved trace.

**2 1 ) Display control key**

Sets contrast, backlight ON/OFF, brightness of backlight, invert display and buzzer ON/OFF.

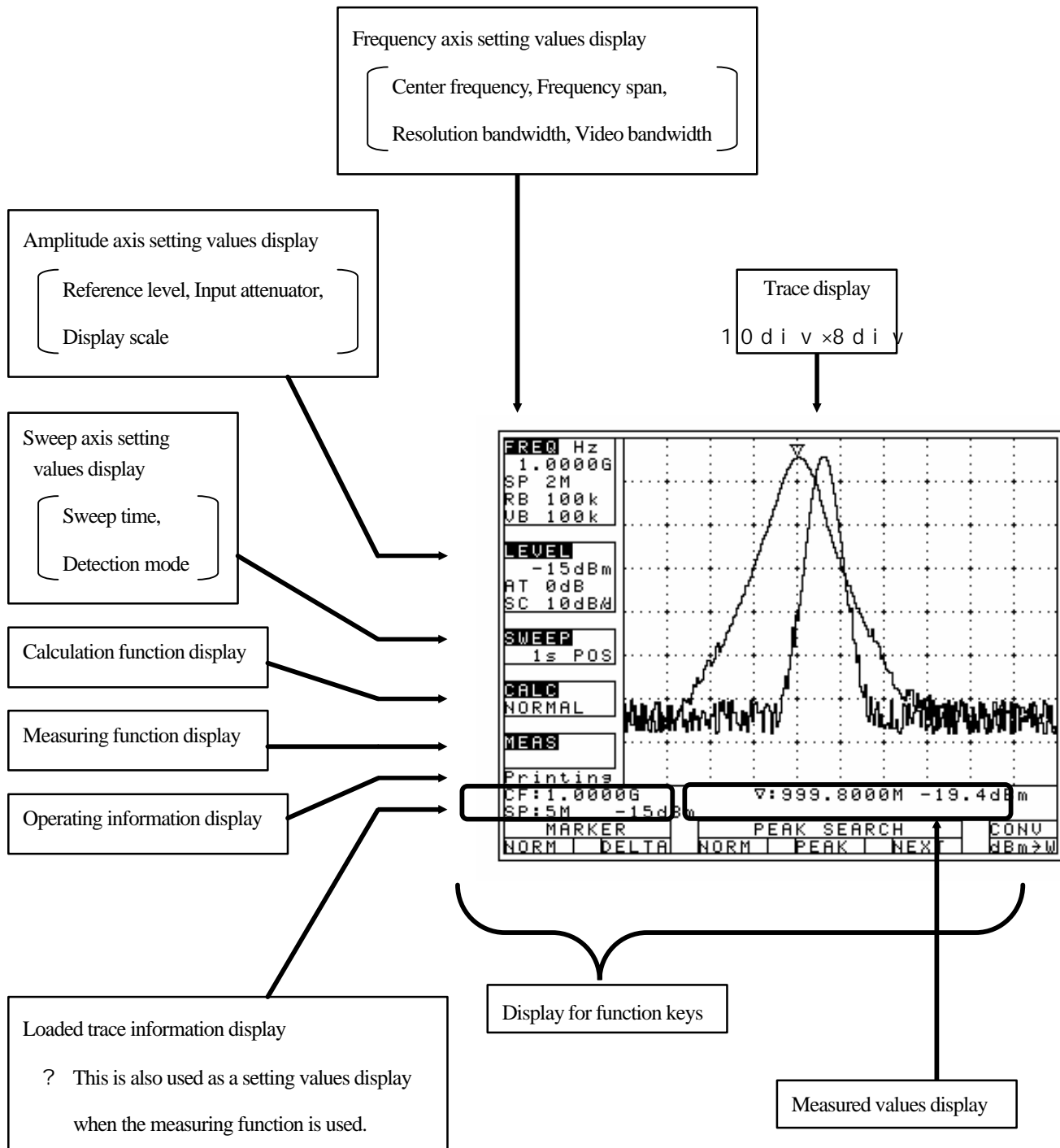
**2 2 ) Rotary encoder**

Use this to make various settings.

**2 3 ) Power switch**

Use this to turn the power ON or OFF.

## 4 . Description Of Screen



## 5 . Function Key Menu

### 5 . 1

#### List of the Function key menus

The types of function keys are shown in the table below. For description of each function, see the detailed pages. For the flow of change in the function key display, refer to “5.2 Menu tree”.

	Function key	Key flow	Detailed page		Function key menus	Key flow	Detailed page
A )	Adj Ch OF S	MEAS?( F 6 ) ?( F 2 ) ?F 2	3 3	N)	NORM	CALC?F 1	2 6
	Adj Ch Pw	MEAS?( F 6 ) ?F 2	3 3		NUM	FREQ?F 5	1 8
	Adj Ch WI DTH	MEAS?( F 6 ) ?( F 2 ) ?F 3	3 3	O)	Oc c BW	MEAS?( F 6 ) ?F 3	3 4
	ANT	MEAS?( F 6 ) ?( F 5 ) ?F 1	3 6		OVRWR	CALC?F 5	2 7
	AVER	CALC?F 4	2 7	P	PARAM	SAVE/LOAD?F 2	2 9
B )	B. L. .	DSPL ?F 2	4 1		PEAK SEARCH CNTR	MKR?( F 3 ) ?F 4	2 8
	BACK SPAC E	FREQ?F 5 ?F 6	1 8		PEAK SEARCH NEXT	MKR?( F 3 ) ?F 5	2 8
	BAND CNTR	MEAS?( F 6 ) ?( F 1 ) ? ( F 1 ) ?F 2	3 2		PEAK SEARCH NORM	MKR?( F 3 ) ?F 3	2 8
					PEAK SEARCH PEAK	MKR?( F 3 ) ?F 4	2 8



	BAND WIDTH	MEAS?( F6 )?( F1 ) ? ( F1 )?F3	32
	BAUD	RS232C?F2	43
	BLCTR	DSPL?F3	41
	BUZZR	DSPL?F5	41
C )	CENTER FR EQ ?	FREQ?F1	18
	CENTER FR EQ ?	FREQ?F2	18
	Ch Power	MEAS?( F6 )?F1	32
	CLEAR	FREQ?F5?F5	18
	CONV	MKR?F6	28
	CTRS	DSPL?F1	41
D )	DET	SWEEP?F4	25
E )	E/F ANT	MEAS?( F6 )?( F3 ) ?F4	35
	EncST	FREQ?F4	18
	EXEC	RS232C?F3	43
	EXECUTE D EL	SAVE/LOAD?F5	30
	EXECUTE L OAD	SAVE/LOAD?F4	29

	PEAK SEARCH WIDTH	MKR?( F3 )?F5	28
	PEAK SEARCH ZONE	MKR?( F3 )?F3	28
	PRE SET	SAVE/LOAD?F6	30
	PROBE	MEAS?( F6 )?( F5 ) ?F1	40
R)	RATIO	MEAS?( F6 )?( F3 ) ?F2	34
	RBW ALL	RBW?F3	23
	RBW AUTO	RBW?F2	23
	RBW MANU	RBW?F1	23
	REFERENCE CN TR	MEAS?( F6 )?( F2 ) ?F4	33
	REFERENCE WI DTH	MEAS?( F6 )?( F2 ) ?F5	33
S)	SCALE 10dB	SCALE?F1	22
	SCALE 2dB	SCALE?F2	22
	SET MKR	FREQ?F6	19
	SWEEP ALL	SWEEP?F3	25
	SWEEP AUTO	SWEEP?F2	25
T)	SWEEP MANU	SWEEP?F1	24
	TRACE	SAVE/LOAD?F1	29

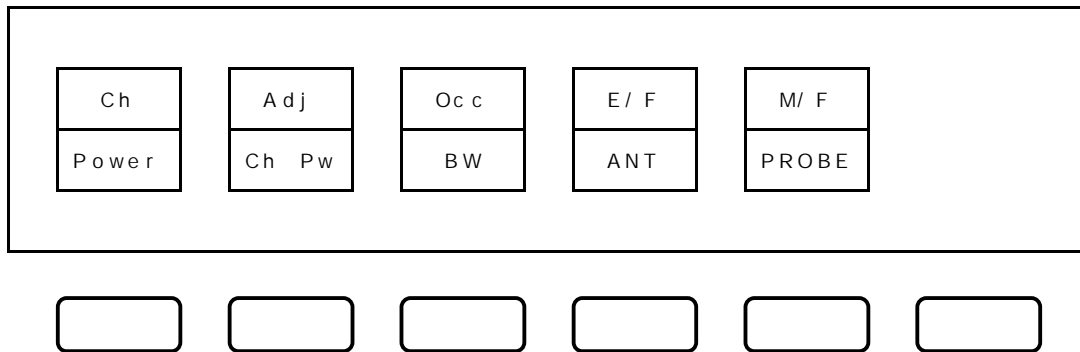
	EXECUTE S AVE	SAVE/LOAD?F3	29
I )	INVT	DSPL?F4	41
K (M) )	KeyST	FREQ?F3	18
	M/F PROBE	MEAS?(F6)?F5	39
	MAXHD	CALC?F2	26
	MEAS OFF	MEAS?(F1~5)?F6	31
	MINHD	CALC?F3	27
	MKR DELTA	MKR?F2	28
	MKR NORM	MKR?F1	28
	MODE	MEAS?(F6)?(F1~3)?F1	32? 33? 34

		RS232C?F1	43
U)	UNIT dBm	REFER?F1	20
	UNIT dBmV	REFER?F3	20
	UNIT dBV	REFER?F4	20
	UNIT dBμV	REFER?F2	20
V)	VBW ALL	VBW?F3	24
	VBW AUTO	VBW?F2	24
	VBW MANU	VBW?F1	23

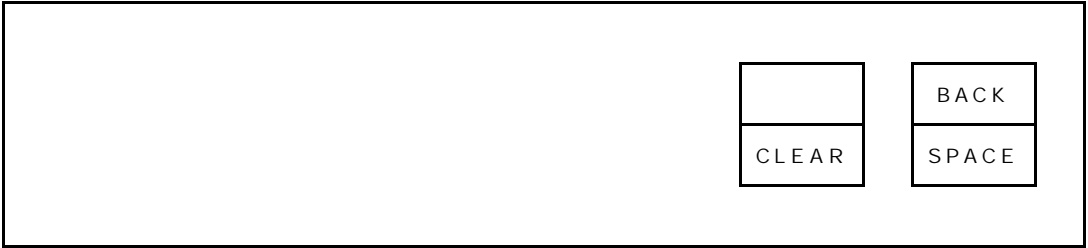
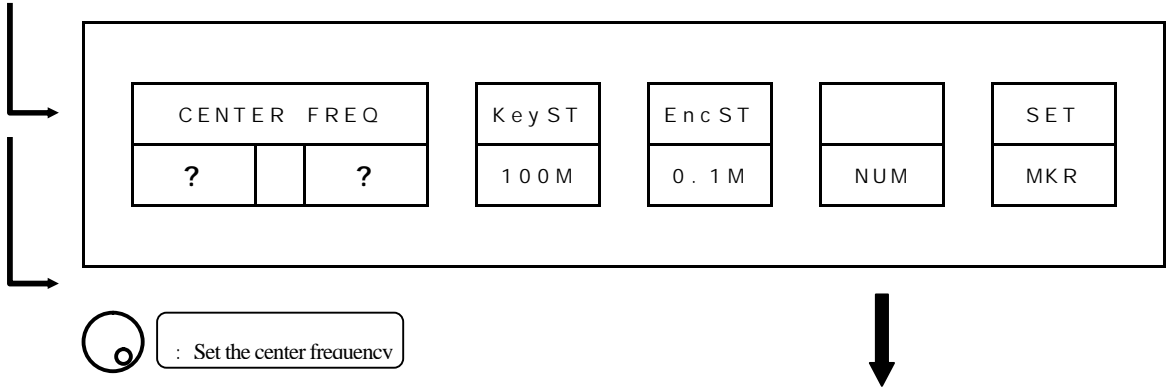
## 5 . 2 Menu tree

The displayed items on the bottom of the screen correspond to the function keys under them, as shown in the figure below:

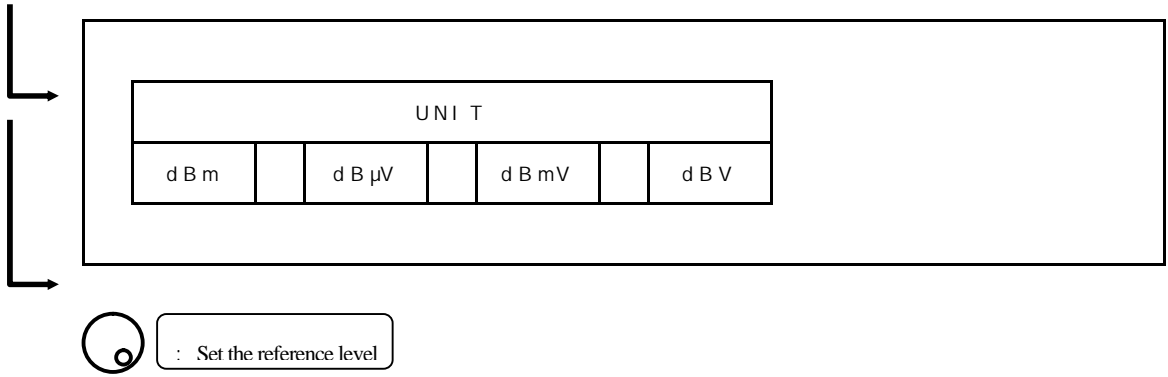
"Displayed items on the bottom of the screen"



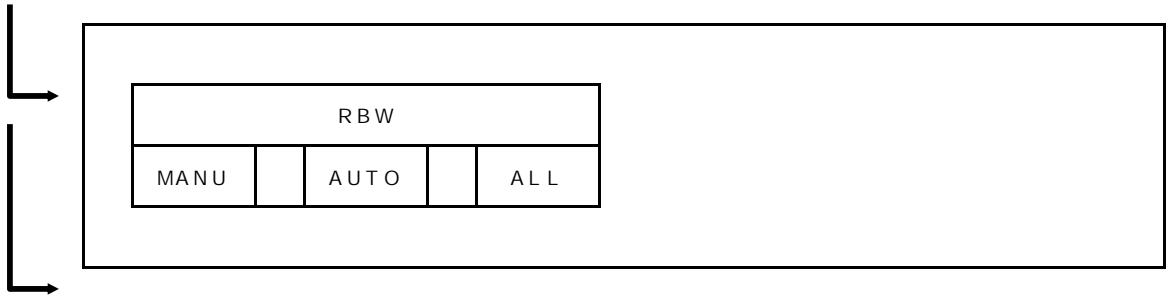
? Refer to “7. Center Frequency” to details





? Refer to “9. Reference Level” to details

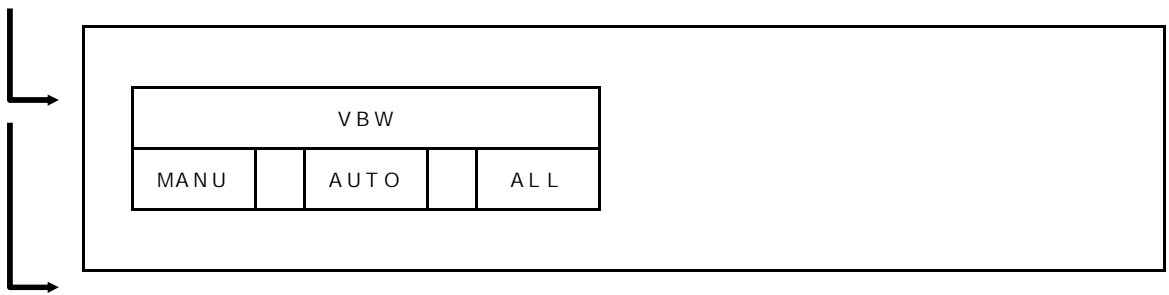



? Refer to “11. Resolution Bandwidth” to details




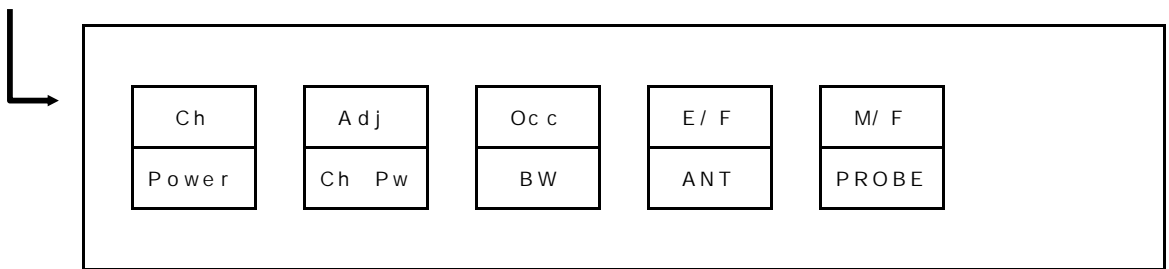
 : Set the RBW


 ? Refer to “12. Video Bandwidth” to details



 : Set the VBW

 ( 1 / 2 ) ? Refer to “19. Measuring Function” to details




 : Set the parameter

MODE	BAND			MEAS
BAND	CNTR		WI DTH	OFF

➔  : Set the parameter

MODE	Adj Ch Pw	REFERENCE	MEAS
TOTAL	OFS	CNTR	OFF
		WI DTH	

➔  : Set the parameter

MODE	RATI O	MEAS
N%	99.5%	OFF

ANT	MEAS
M301	OFF

( 2 / 2 )



Ch	A d j	O c c	E / F	M / F
Power	Ch Pw	BW	ANT	PROBE



Input the probe ID (first time only)



PROBE	MEAS
CP- 2 S	OFF

? Refer to “16. Calculation Function” to details



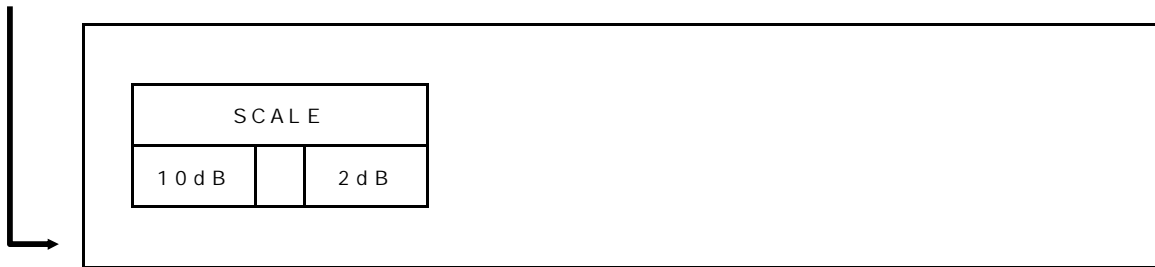
NORM	MAXHD	MI NHD	AVER	OVRWR
	* *	* *	2 5 6	



: Set the number

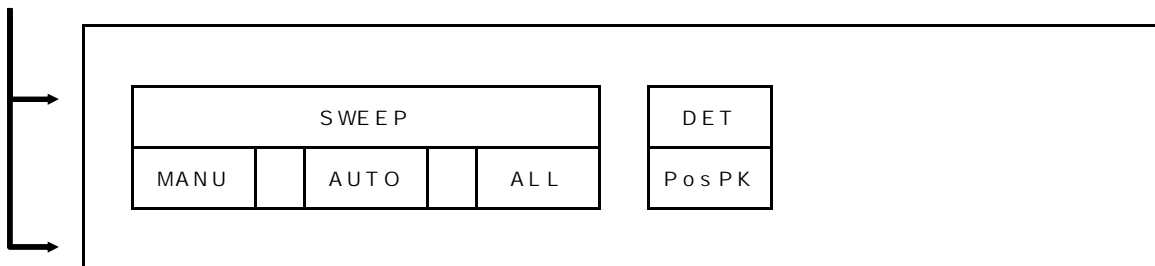
? Refer to “16. Display Scale” to details





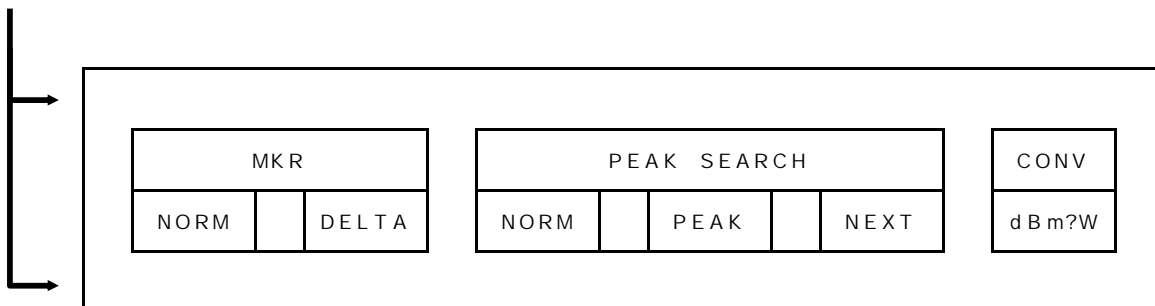
⑨ : Set the display scale

□ ? Refer to “13. Sweep Axis- Detection Mode” to details



⑨ : Set the sweep time

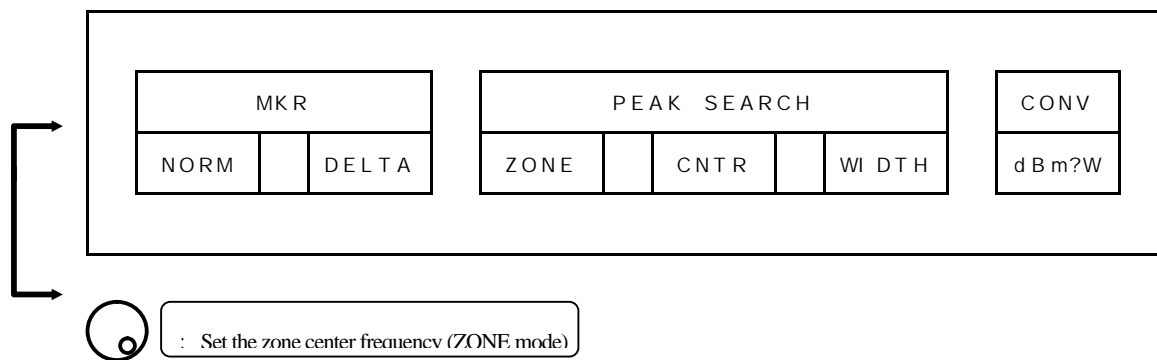
□ ? Refer to “17. Marker- Peak Search” to details



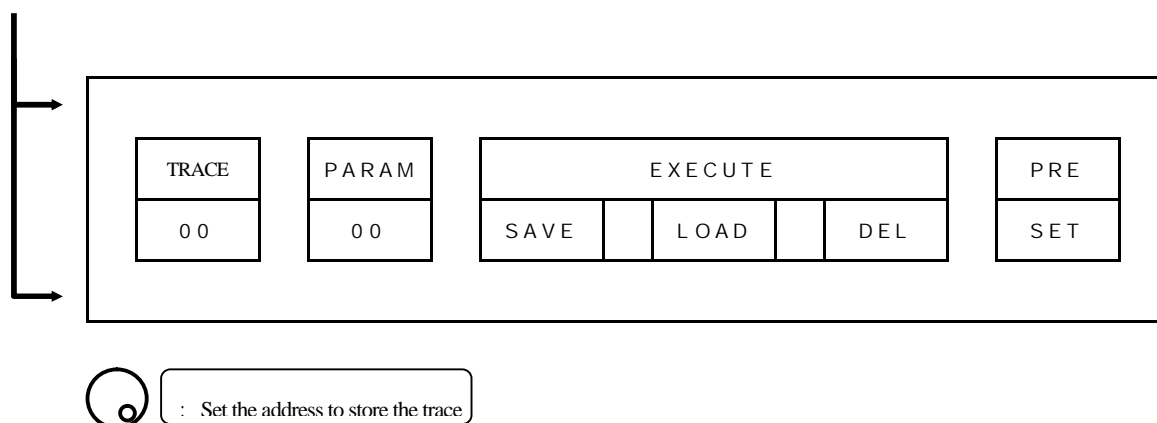
⑨ : Move the marker position (NORM mode)



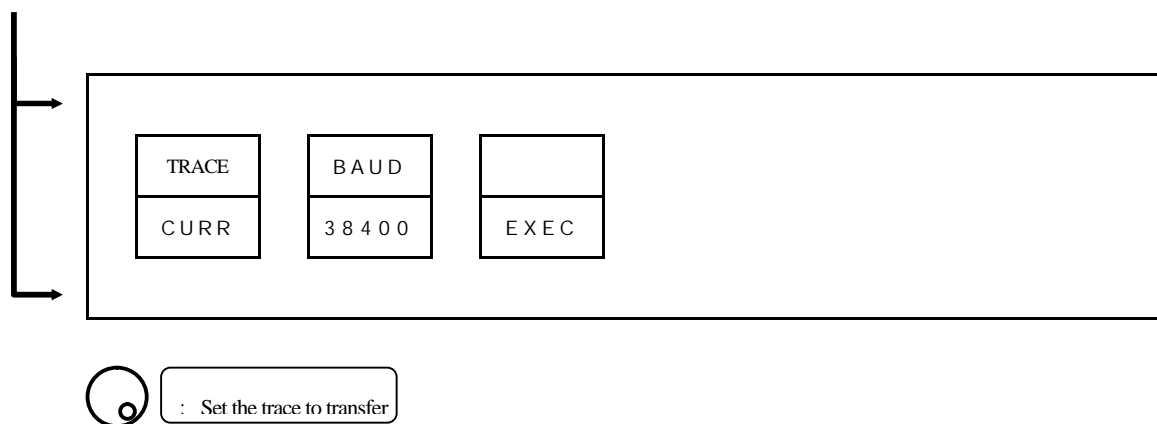
F3: Changing the marker mode



Refer to “18. Save/Load” to details



Refer to “22. Data Output” to details








? Refer to “20. Screen Control” to details



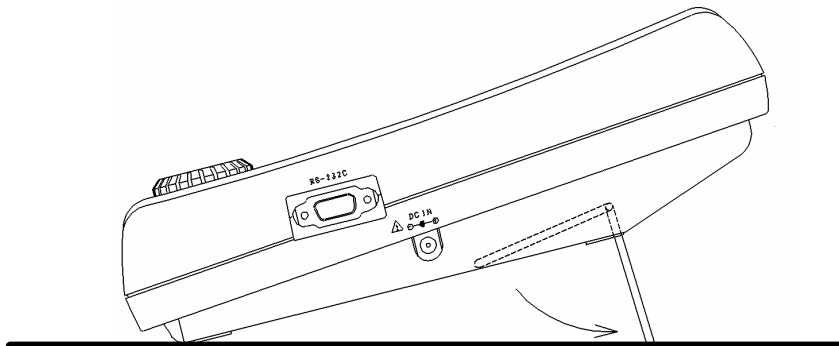
CTRS	B. L.	BLCTR	I NVT	BUZZR
1 4 0	0 N	2 0 0	OFF	ON

 : Set the contrast

## 6 . Preparing For Operation

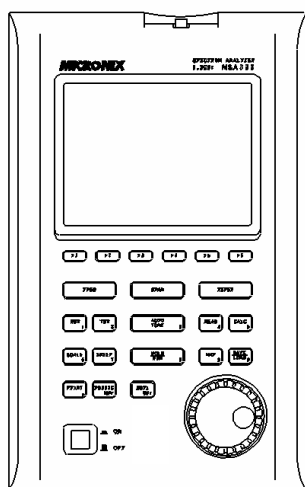
### 6 . 1 Stand

Utilize the stand on the back to use the screen in an easier-to-see angle on the desk.

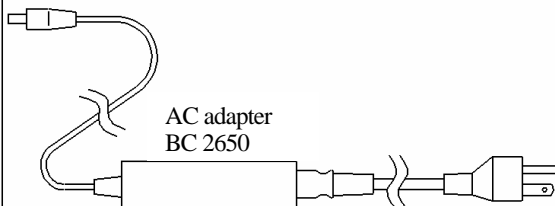


### 6 . 2 Connection to power supply

The BC 2650 AC adapter is both for the use with AC power supply and for charging the BP 2650 built-in battery. Connect the adapter as in the figure below and connect the AC plug to the power line (100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz). For static electricity protection, ground the unit by connecting the three cores if possible. Not grounding the unit can damage it and the object measured. Do not use an AC adapter other than the BC 2650 supplied with the unit. Using an AC adapter other than the BC 2650 may cause damage to the unit.



DC IN



Battery full charge time : approx.8hours

Battery operate time : approx.100minutes(back light OFF)

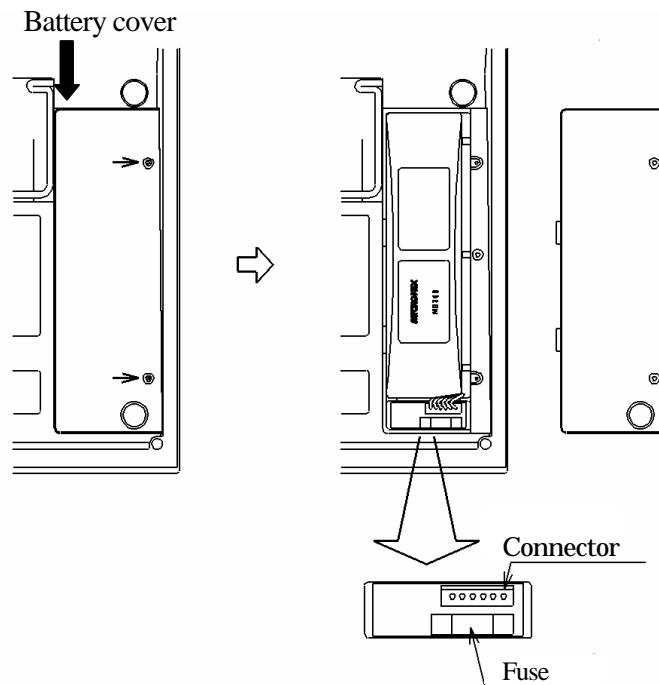
### 6 . 3 Replacing the fuse

5A/250V fuse (slow-blow type) is used for the battery power supply. When replacing it, turn the power off first, disconnect the AC adapter, remove the battery cover and on the back as shown in the figure below, remove the battery, and then take sufficient care to perform the replacement.

Be sure to use the fuse supplied with the unit, or specified one.

### 6 . 4 Installing the battery

When installing the battery, turn the power off first, disconnect the AC adapter, open the battery cover on the back of the unit after removing the two screws as shown in the figure below, and then take sufficient care to perform the installation. Be sure to use the specified battery, BP 2650.



### 6 . 5 Soft carrying case

When carrying the unit or using it outdoors, the soft carrying case is convenient. You can also carry the AC adapter and printer with it, putting them in the accessory pouch.

- ? Avoid using the unit in the soft carrying case in places where temperature is high because, with the soft carrying case, the temperature inside becomes higher than the ambient temperature.

## 7 . Center Frequency <FREQ>

Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:

C E N T E R   F R E			K e y	E n c S		S E T
Q			S T	T		
			1 0 0	0 . 1 M	N U M	M K R
?	?					
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

?

Center frequency can be set between 0 to 3.3GHz.

### 7 . 1    Setting with the step keys (? F1? ,? F2?)

1 . Each time  is pressed, the center frequency decreases in the set step size.

2 . Each time  is pressed, the center frequency increases in the set step size.

3 . Setting the step size:

Each time  is pressed, it is set in the following order:

→ 0 . ~~1~~ MHz    ← 1 MHz    → 1 0 MHz    1 0 0 MHz

### 7 . 2    Setting with the encoder

1 . When  is turned, the center frequency changes in the set step size.

2 . Setting the step size:

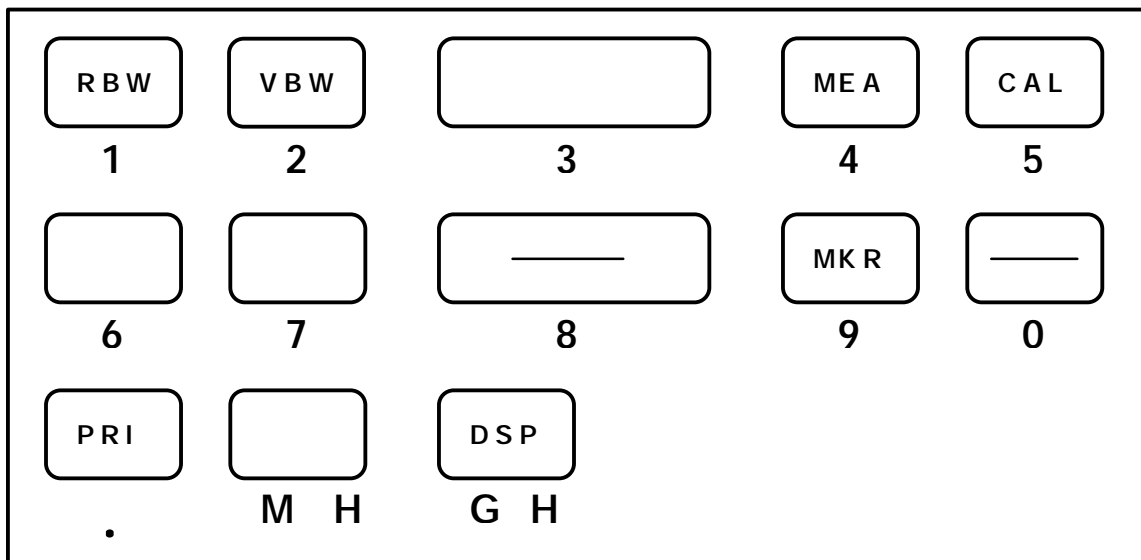
Each  is pressed, it is set in the following order:

→ 0 . ~~1~~ MHz    → 1 MHz    → 1 0 MHz    1 0 0 MHz

### 7 . 3 Setting with the numeric keys

- 1 . Press  to enter into the numeric key input mode.  
 ? ? F5? functions as the < CLEAR> key. ? F6? functions as the < BACK SPACE> key.  
 ? In this mode, setting with ? F1? , ? F2? or the encoder is not accepted.
- 2 . The center frequency can be directly input according to the “Numeric Key Mapping Diagram”.
- 3 . The value is entered by pressing a unit key, ? MHz (RS232C)? or ? GHz (DSPL)? .  
 ? Any figures below the resolution (100 kHz) will be discarded.
- 4 . Changing the setting:  
 : Deletes the entire value and allows you to input one from the beginning.  
 : Deletes the last input figure.
- 5 . Canceling the numeric key mode:  
 **FREQ** : Enables setting with step keys(? F1? ,? F2?) or the encoder again.

#### “Numeric Key Mapping Diagram”



### 7 . 4 According to the Marker position

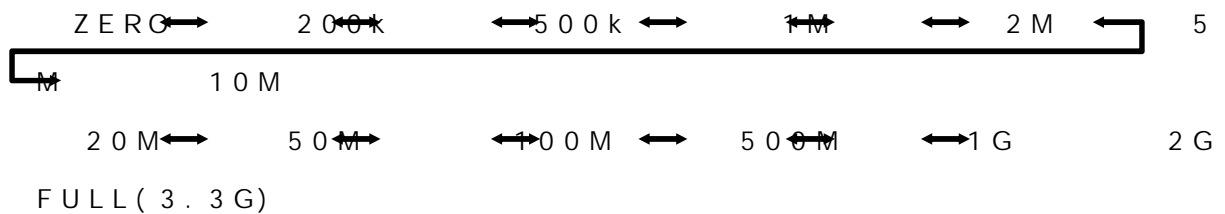
- 1 . When  is pressed, the center frequency is set according to the frequency of current marker position.  
 ? Any figures below the resolution (100 kHz) will be discarded.  
 ? This does not operate when the marker is not displayed. (and the function display disappears.)

## 8 . Frequency Span <SPAN>

Press  →  se to set the frequency span.

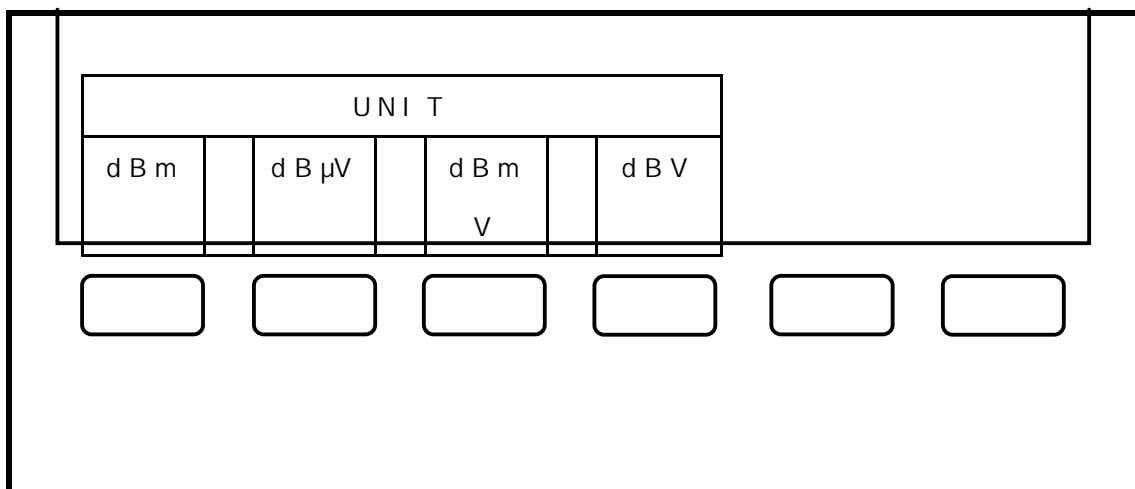
? The frequency span can be set only with the encoder. Function keys are not available.

1 . When  is turned, the frequency span changes in the specified step.




## 9 . Reference Level <REFER>

Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:



### 9 . 1 Setting the Reference level

1 . When  is turned, the reference level changes.

(Refer to “9.3 Reference level setting range for each unit” for details.)

## 9 . 2 Switching units of amplitude axis (dBμV/m and dBμA/m are optional. Refer to “19.4 Electric

field strength measurement” and “19.5 Magnetic field strength measurement” for details.)

- 1 . Press  to switching units to dBm.
- Press  to switching units to dBμV
- Press  to switching units to dBmV
- Press  to switching units to dBV

## 9 . 3 Reference level setting range for each unit

UNIT	d B m	d B μV	d B mV	d B V
MAXIMUM	1 0	1 1 7	5 7	- 3
MINIMUM	- 4 0	6 7	7	- 5 3

“Unit that is able to use it with the measuring function”

UNIT	d B μV /m (Electric field strength measurement)				d B μA /m (Magnetic field strength measurement)
Setting	AN 3 0 1	AN 3 0 2	AN 3 0 3	AN 3 0 4	PR 26M
MAXIMUM	1 4 6	1 5 0	1 5 3	1 5 4	1 5 9 t o 1 7 8
MINIMUM	9 6	1 0 0	1 0 3	1 0 4	1 0 9 t o 1 2 8

Calculation

expression (conversion formula to and from dBm)

- ?  $X[\text{dBm}] = 107 + X[\text{dB}\mu\text{V}]$  ?  $B[\text{dBm}] = 47 + B[\text{dBmV}]$  ?  $C[\text{dBm}] = -13 + C[\text{dBV}]$
- ?  $Y[\text{dBm}] = 68.8 / ? \times v(Y/\text{Gar})[\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}]$  ? : Wavelength[m] Gar: Antenna absolute gain
- ?  $Z[\text{dBm}] = 180 + Z + A[\text{dB}\mu\text{A}/\text{m}]$  A: probe calibration coefficient ? changes by frequency

## 9 . 4 Relation between the reference level and ATT· AMP (in dBm indication)

The programmable attenuator (ATT) and the reference amplifier (AMP) inside 2650 are automatically set according to the setting value of the reference level (REFER). (ATT cannot be set independently.)

REF ER ( dB m)	AT T ( dB)	AM P ( dB)
10	25	0
9	24	0
8	23	0
7	22	0
6	21	0
5	20	0
4	19	0
3	18	0
2	17	0
1	16	0
0	15	0
-1	14	0
-2	13	0

REF ER( dBm)	AT T ( dB)	AM P ( dB)
-3	12	0
-4	11	0
-5	10	0
-6	9	0
-7	8	0
-8	7	0
-9	6	0
-10	5	0
-11	4	0
-12	3	0
-13	2	0
-14	1	0
-15	0	0

REF ER( dBm)	AT T ( dB)	AM P ( dB)
-16	22	28
-17	21	28
-18	20	28
-19	19	28
-20	18	28
-21	17	28
-22	16	28
-23	15	28
-24	14	28
-25	13	28
-26	12	28
-27	11	28
-28	10	28

REF ER ( dBm)	AT T ( dB)	AM P ( dB)
-29	9	28
-30	8	28
-31	7	28
-32	6	28
-33	5	28
-34	4	28
-35	3	28
-36	7	28
-37	6	28
-38	5	28
-39	4	28
-40	3	28

## 10 . Display Scale <SCALE>




Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:

SCALE		
10 dB		2 dB

**1 0 . 1    Setting with the keys (? F1? ,? F2?)**

- 1 . Press  to set the 10dB/div display scale.
- 2 . Press  to set the 2dB/div display scale.

**1 0 . 2    Setting with the encoder**

- 1 . Turn  to switch between the 10dB/div and 2dB/div display scale.
- 10 dB ←→ 2 dB

**1 1 .    Resolution Bandwidth <RBW>**

Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:

RBW			
MAN		AUT	ALL
U		O	

## 1 1 . 1 MANUAL mode

1 .  f1 or turn the  to enter MANUAL mode. Use  to set the RBW.

3 k H z  $\longleftrightarrow$  1 0 k H z  $\longleftrightarrow$  3 0 k H z  $\longleftrightarrow$  1 0 0 k H z  $\longleftrightarrow$  3 0 0 k H z

1 M H z 3 M H z

## 1 1 . 2 AUTO mode

- 1 . When  is pressed, optimum RBW is set according to the settings of SPAN and SWEEP.
- ? When the AUTO mode is set, it can be confirmed by the asterisk (\*) that is displayed on the right end of the RBW setting value display area on the screen.

## 1 1 . 3 ALL AUTO mode

- 1 .  is pressed, optimum RBW, VBW and SWEEP are set according to the setting of SPAN.
- ? When the ALL AUTO mode is set, it can be confirmed by the asterisk (\*) that is displayed on the right end of the RBW, VBW and SWEEP setting value display area on the screen.
- ? Selectivity(-60dBc width) becomes bigger than actual values by SSB phase noise when 3kHz and 10kHz.





## 1 2 . Video Bandwidth <VBW>

Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:


V B W					
MAN		AUT		ALL	
U		O			

## 1 2 . 1 MANUAL mode

1 . Press  or turn the  to enter MANUAL mode. Use  to set the VBW.

1 0 0 H z  3 0 0 H z  1 k H z  3 k H z  1 0 k H z

0 k H z

1 0 0 k H z  3 0 0 k H z OFF

3

## 1 2 . 2 AUTO mode

1 . When  is pressed, VBW is set according to the settings of SPAN and SWEEP.

? When the AUTO mode is set, it can be confirmed by the asterisk ( \* ) that is displayed on the right end of the VBW setting value display area on the screen.

## 1 2 . 3 ALL AUTO mode

1 . When  is pressed, RBW, VBW and SWEEP are set according to the setting of SPAN.

? When the ALL AUTO mode is set, it can be confirmed by the asterisk ( \* ) that is displayed on the right end of the RBW, VBW and SWEEP setting value display area on the screen.

## 1 3 . Sweep Axis· Detection Mode <SWEEP>





Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:

S W E E P				D E T	
M A N		A U T		P o s	
U		O		P K	

? Any selected parts of MANU, AUTO and ALL become inverted display.

### 1 3 . 1 **MANUAL mode**

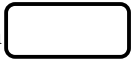
1 . Press  f1 or turn the  to enter MANUAL mode. Use  to set the SWEEP.

1 0 m s  3 0 m s  0 . 1 s  0 . 3 s  1 s 3 s

1 0 s 3 0 s

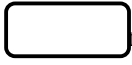
? Can't set 10ms at the FULLSPAN.

### 1 3 . 2 **AUTO mode**

1 . When  is pressed, SWEEP is set according to the settings of SPAN and RBW.

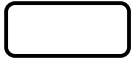
? When the AUTO mode is set, it can be confirmed by the asterisk ( \* ) that is displayed on the right end of the SWEEP setting value display area on the screen.

### 1 3 . 3 **ALL AUTO mode**

1 .  is pressed, RBW, VBW and SWEEP are set according to the setting of SPAN.

? When the ALL AUTO mode is set, it can be confirmed by the asterisk ( \* ) that is displayed on the right end of the RBW, VBW and SWEEP setting value display area on the screen.

### 1 3 . 4 **Setting the Detection mode**

Pressing  allows you to change the method to capture the trace.

 PosPK  SMPL  NegPK

?PosPK (Positive Peak) : Traces the maximum value of the sample points.

?SMPL (Sample) : Traces the momentary value of the sample points.

?NegPK( Negative Peak) : Traces the minimum value of the sample points.

? When sweep time is 10ms or 30ms, only SMPL is able to set up.

## 1 4 . AUTO Tuning <AUTO TUNE>

When  is pressed, the peak spectrum of the input signal is searched and centered on the screen, and optimum RBW, VBW and SWEEP are set according to the setting of SPAN.

- ? Please set up frequency span before auto tuning.
- ? This operates only with the key pad, with no function indication.
- ? This does not operate normally when the signal level is -40 dBm or lower, the input frequency is 50 MHz or lower, or the frequency span is ZERO SPAN or FULL SPAN.

## 1 5 . Hold/Run <HOLD/RUN>

Press  to switch to between sweep halt and continuous sweep.

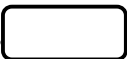
- ? This operates only with the key press, with no function indication.

## 1 6 . Calculation Function <CALC>

Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:

N O R M	M A X H D	M I N H D	A V E R	O V R W R	
	* *	* *	2 5 6		
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<div style="text-align: center; margin-bottom: 10px;"><input type="text"/></div> <div>? After sweeps stops, press <input type="text"/> to restart sweep.</div> <div>? Press <input type="text"/> F1? to ? F5? to set the CALC mode.</div>					

### 1 6 . 1 NORM mode


- 1 . Press  . Calculation is not performed in this mode. The number of sweeps is always unlimited.

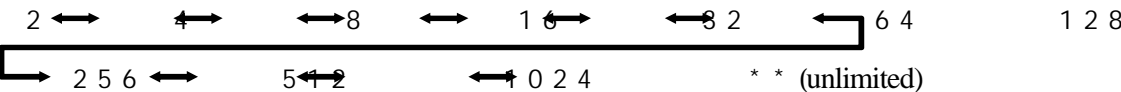
? “NORMAL” is displayed in the CALC area on the LCD screen.

(Refer to “4. Description Of Display” for details)

### 1 6 . 2 MAX HOLD mode





- 1 . Pres  → Use to set the number of sweeps.
- 2 . Sweeps are performed the set number of times, the maximum value of each point of trace data is displayed as a trace, and then sweep is halted.

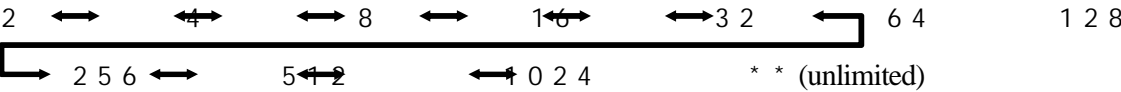


? “MAX --- (number of sweeps)” is displayed in the CALC area on the LCD screen.

(Refer to “4. Description Of Display” for details)

### 1 6 . 3 MIN HOLD mode



- 1 . Pres  →  Use to set the number of sweeps.
- 2 . Sweeps are performed the set number of times, the minimum value of each point of trace data is displayed as a trace, and then sweep is halted.



? “MIN --- (number of sweeps)” is displayed in the CALC area on the LCD screen.

(Refer to “4. Description Of Display” for details)

### 1 6 . 4 AVERAGE mode

- 1 . Pres  →  Use to set the number of sweeps.
- 2 . Sweeps are performed the set number of times, average value of each point of trace data is displayed as a trace, and then sweep is halted.



2 5 6

? “AVG --- (number of sweeps)” is displayed in the CALC area on the LCD screen.

(Refer to “4. Description Of Display” for details)

## 1 6 . 5 OVER WRITE mode

1 .  to enter into the OVER WRITE mode, where traces are written one over another. The number of sweeps is unlimited.

? “OVER WR” is displayed in the CALC area on the LCD screen.

(Refer to “4. Description Of Display” for details)

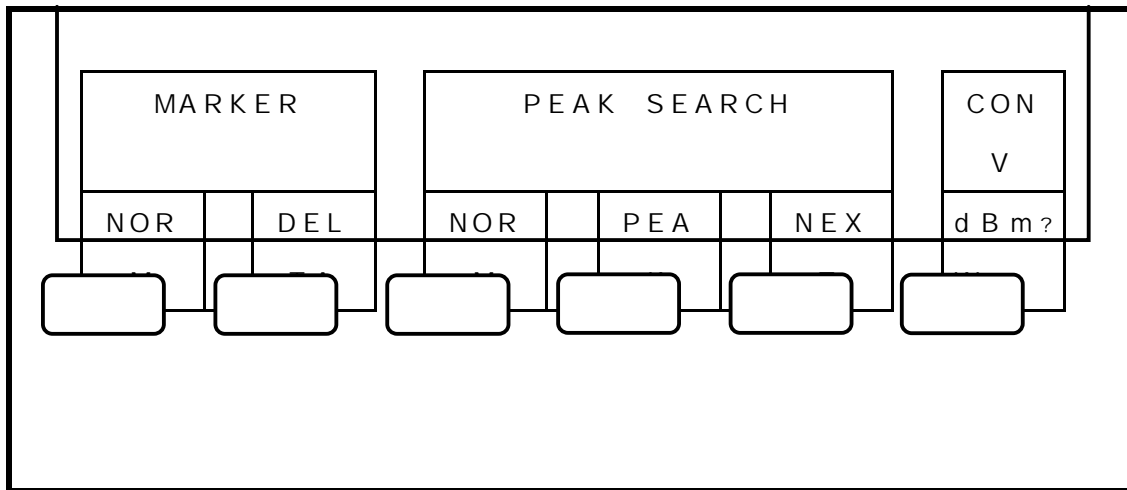
? Only the last one trace is saved.

## 1 7 . Marker· Peak Search <MKR>

Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:

?The display when a NORM marker is selected.

The marker is manually moved at NORM mode. Peak search function, NEXT peak search function are available.

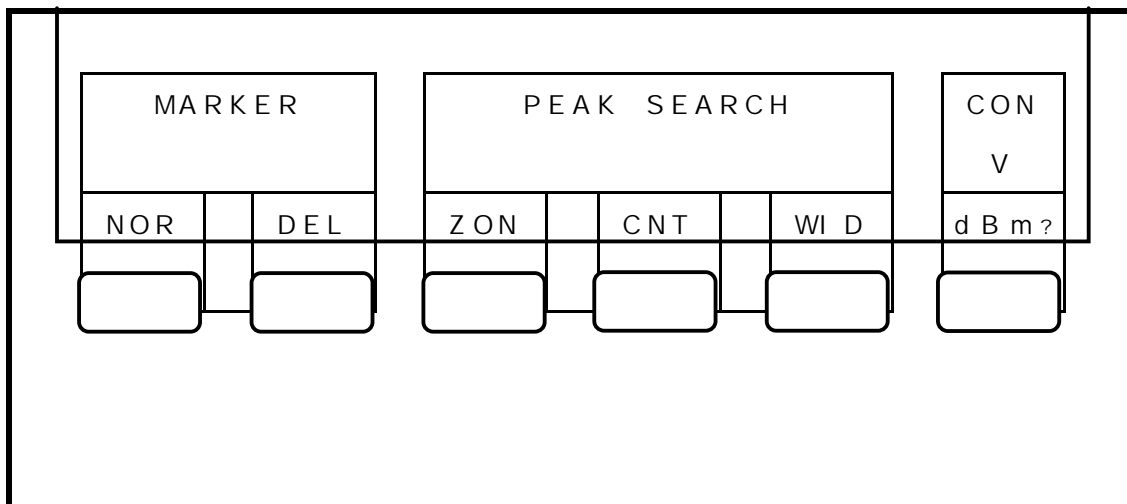


? The

display when a ZONE marker is selected.

The marker moves to the biggest peak position automatically at ZONE mode, inside specified zone.

1 7 .



1

### Moving the marker

Use  →  to move the marker.

Use  to put DELTA REF at the current marker position.

### 1 7 . 2 Setting the peak search <PEAK SEARCH>


? NORM mode (Use  to select NORM.)


Use  to move the marker to the maximum peak position.

Use  to move the marker successively from higher to lower peak positions other than the maximum peak. (The marker moves to 10 peaks.)

? When you move the marker to the 10th peak or moving the marker, the NEXT peak search function stops and the function display disappears.

? ZONE mode (Use  to select ZONE.)

Use  →  to move the center position.

Use  →  to change the width.

### 1 7 . 3 Changing the unit of marker point

Press  to change the unit of marker point.

When unit of reference level is dBm, the unit is changed from [dBm] to [W].

When unit of reference level is dBμV, the unit is changed from [dBμV] to [V].

When unit of reference level is dBmV, the unit is changed from [dBmV] to [V].

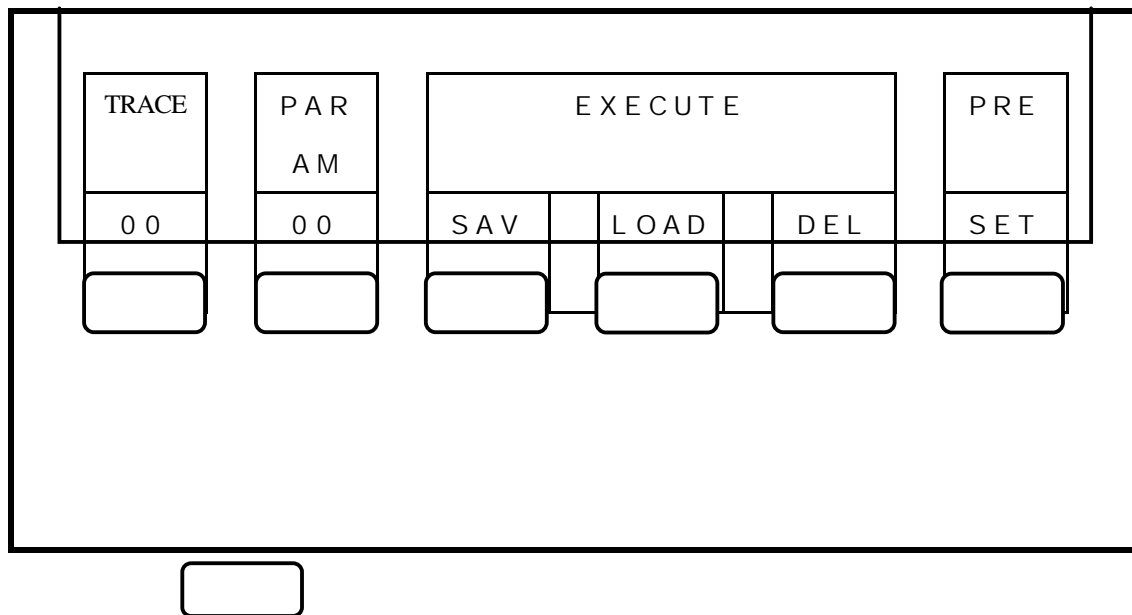
When unit of reference level is dBV, the unit is changed from [dBV] to [V].



When unit of reference level is dB $\mu$ V/m, the unit is changed from [dB $\mu$ V/m] to [V/m].

## 1 8 . Save/Load <SAVE/LOAD>

Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:



### Setting the location to store the trace

1 . Pressing  allows you to set the number of location to store the trace.

2 . Use  to set the number of location.

0 0  $\longleftrightarrow$    $\longleftrightarrow$  0 2  $\longleftrightarrow$  0 3  $\longleftrightarrow$  0 4  $\longleftrightarrow$  . . . 9 8 9

? The part of TRACE become inverted display after it is selected.

### 1 8 . 2 Setting location to store the parameter


1 . Pressing  allows you to set the number of location to store the parameter.

2 . Use  to set the number of location.

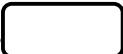
0 0  $\longleftrightarrow$    $\longleftrightarrow$  0 2  $\longleftrightarrow$  0 3  $\longleftrightarrow$    $\longleftrightarrow$  . . . 9 8 9




? The part of PARAM become inverted display after it is selected.

### 1 8 . 3 Saving the data

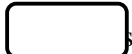
- 1 . Press  to save the data at the set number.
  - ? This saves the trace when TRACE is selected, or the setting parameters when PARAM is selected.
  - ? When data is saved, it can be confirmed by the asterisk ( \* ) that is displayed on the right end of the number.
  - ? It can be overwritten, too

### 1 8 . 4 Loading the data


- 1 . Press  to read out the data at the set number.
  - ? This reads out the trace when TRACE is selected. The setting parameter of the loaded trace is displayed in the loaded trace information display area.

(Refer to “4. Description Of Display” for details)
  - ? This reads out the setting parameters when PARAM is selected.
  - ? When you load a trace, the current trace disappears, the HOLD state is set, and the loaded trace is displayed. For the loaded trace, you can use the marker, but cannot use a measuring function. When you press the HOLD/RUN key, the loaded and the current traces are displayed overlapping each other.
  - ? When data is saved, it can be confirmed by the asterisk ( \* ) that is displayed on the right end of the number.
  - ? When you search the trace or setting parameters to be read out, repeat  
 ↔  ↔  . . . , and load the trace or setting parameters in turn.

### 1 8 . 5 Clearing the loaded trace

- 1 .  to clear the loaded trace that has been displayed.

### 1 8 . 6 Presetting (Initialization)

- 1 .  to preset the setting parameters as the Initialization shown below:

“Initialization”

Setting Item	Setting parameter
Center frequency	1GHz
Frequency span	20MHz
Reference level	10dBm
Sweep time	0.3s
Detection mode	Positive peak mode
RBW	300kHz
VBW	OFF
Display scale	10dB/div

1 9 . Measuring Function<MEAS>

Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:

Select 

Ch

Power

Adj

Ch Pw

Occ

BW

E / F

ANT

M / F

PROBE

Channel

Measure

the

Adjacent channel leakage power measurement

Occupied frequency bandwidth measurement

Electric field strength measurement

Magnetic field strength measurement (optional)

measuring function:

- Ch Power . . . . .
- Adj Ch Pw . . . . .
- Occ BW . . . . .
- E / F ANT . . . . .
- M / F PROBE . . . . .

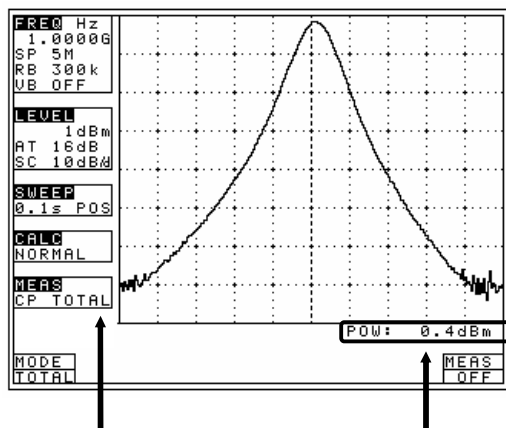
- ? Once you select the measuring function, pressing  next time will directly bring up the function screen for the function you selected the last time. If you want to stop the measuring function, or if you want to select another measuring function, press [F6] (MEAS OFF). This stops the measuring function and switches to the above screen, which allows you to select the measuring function.
- ? The measuring function is stops, when push  while these 3 functions (Channel power measurement, Adjacent channel leakage power measurement, Occupied frequency bandwidth measurement) are selected. Because these 3 functions and marker are not able to implement it simultaneously. Similarly, the function of the marker stops, when the functions of these 3 measurements are selected while using the marker.
- ? The unit displays data in 251 horizontal dots, but it internally captures the trace and calculates the measured value (Channel power measurement, Adjacent channel leakage power measurement and Occupied frequency bandwidth measurement) in 1001 dots.

## 1 9 . 1 Channel power measurement <Ch Power>

Measures the sum of the power in the zone specified. Two modes, TOTAL and BAND, are available.

- ? TOTAL mode? Use  (MODE) to select TOTAL.?

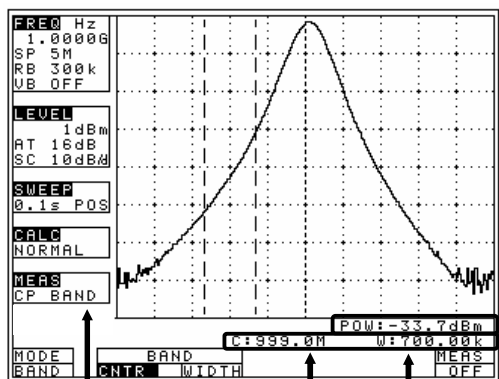
Measure the sum of the power in the zone specified by the center frequency and frequency span (whole range of the screen).



- ? It is shown on MEAS area of LCD as "CP TOTAL"
- ? The measured value is displayed at the right lower corner on the screen.

? BAND mode? Use  (MODE) to select BAND.?

Measure the sum of the power in the zone specified by the zone center frequency and zone width.



[Channel power  
Measurement mode]

[Measured value]

[Setting parameter]

? It is shown on MEAS area of LCD as “CP BAND”.

? The measured value and setting parameter are

displayed at the right lower corner on the screen.

1. Use  (CNTR) to set the  zone center frequency.

2. Use  (WIDTH) to set the  zone width.

## 1 9 . 2 Adjacent channel leakage power measurement <Adj Ch Pw>

Measures the adjacent channel leakage power as the ratio of the power in the range specified by the offset frequency against the reference frequency (reference carrier frequency) and the bandwidth, to the carrier wave power. Two channels of adjacent waves on the upper and lower sides of the same offset frequency are measured. In addition, you can select from three modes, TOTAL (total power method), REF BAND (in-band method) and PEAK (reference level method), according to the classification of definitions of carrier wave.

? Mode selection and measurement? Use  (MODE) to select a mode: TOTAL, BAND or PEAK.?

? It is each shown on MEAS area of LCD as “ACP TOT”, “ACP BAND” or “ACP PK”.

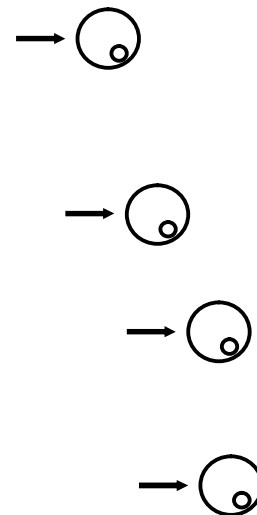
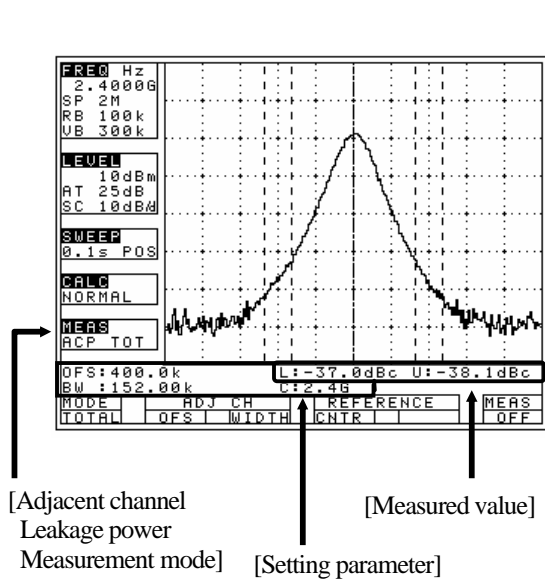
? The measured value and setting parameter are displayed at the right lower corner on the screen.

1. Use  (Adj Ch OFS) to set the  offset frequency of adjacent channel.

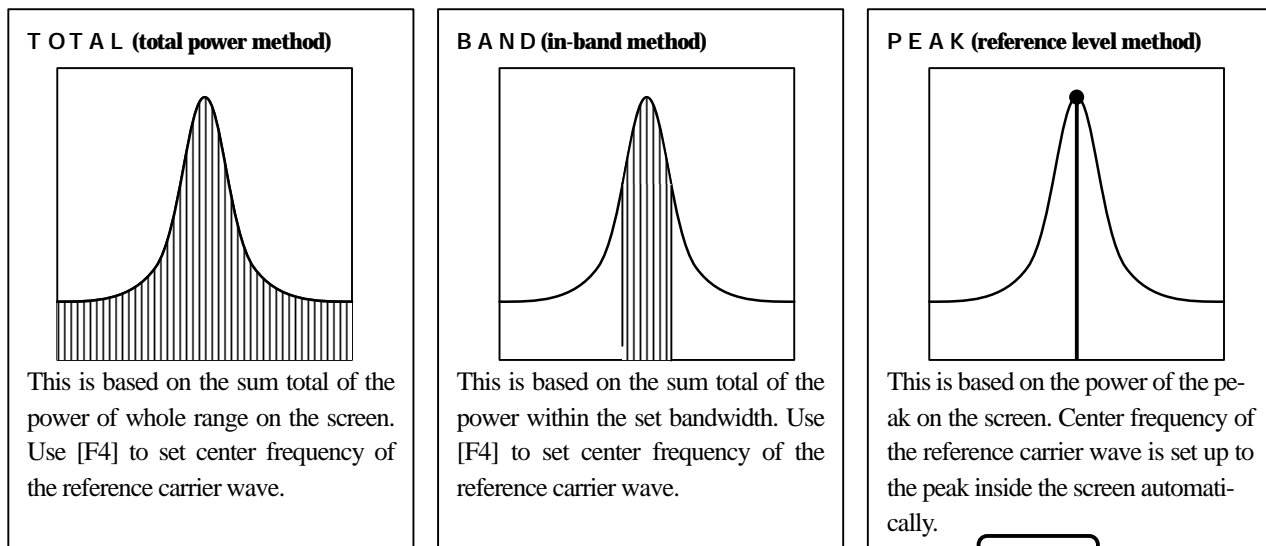
? The  is from the center of the reference carrier wave.

2. Use  (Adj Ch WIDTH) to set the  band  adjacent channel.

3. Use  (REFERENCE CNTR) to set the  center frequency of reference carrier.



? Definition of the reference carrier for each mode

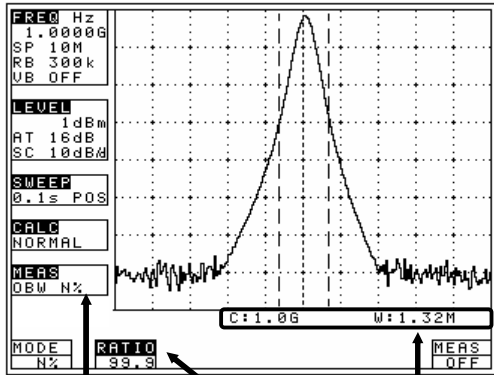


### 1 9 . 3 Occupied frequency bandwidth measurement <Occ BW>

Measures the bandwidth at the point of N [%] of total power (N% POWER) or the bandwidth at the point X [dB] down from the peak level (XdB DOWN). Two modes are available.

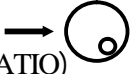
? N% POWER mode? Use  (MODE) to select N%.?

Measures the bandwidth at the point of N [%] of total power displayed on the screen.



[Occupied frequency  
 bandwidth  
 measurement mode]  
 [Setting parameter]  
 [Measured value]

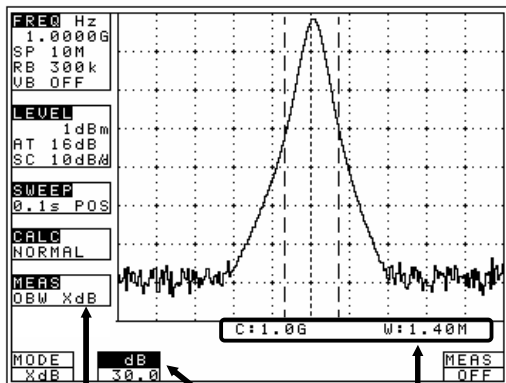
- ? It is shown on MEAS area of LCD as “OBW N%”
- ? The measured value is displayed at the right lower corner on the screen.

1. Use  ( RATIO)  to set  
 the percentage to total power.

? Setting range : 80.0 to 99.9%


? XdB DOWN mode? Use  (MODE) to select XdB.?

Measures the bandwidth at the point X [dB] down from the peak level,



[Occupied frequency  
 bandwidth  
 measurement mode]  
 [Setting parameter]  
 [Measured value]

- ? It is shown on MEAS area of LCD as “OBW XdB”
- ? The measured value is displayed at the right lower corner on the screen.

1. Use   to set  
 the down level from peak level.

? Setting range : 0.1 to 80.0dB

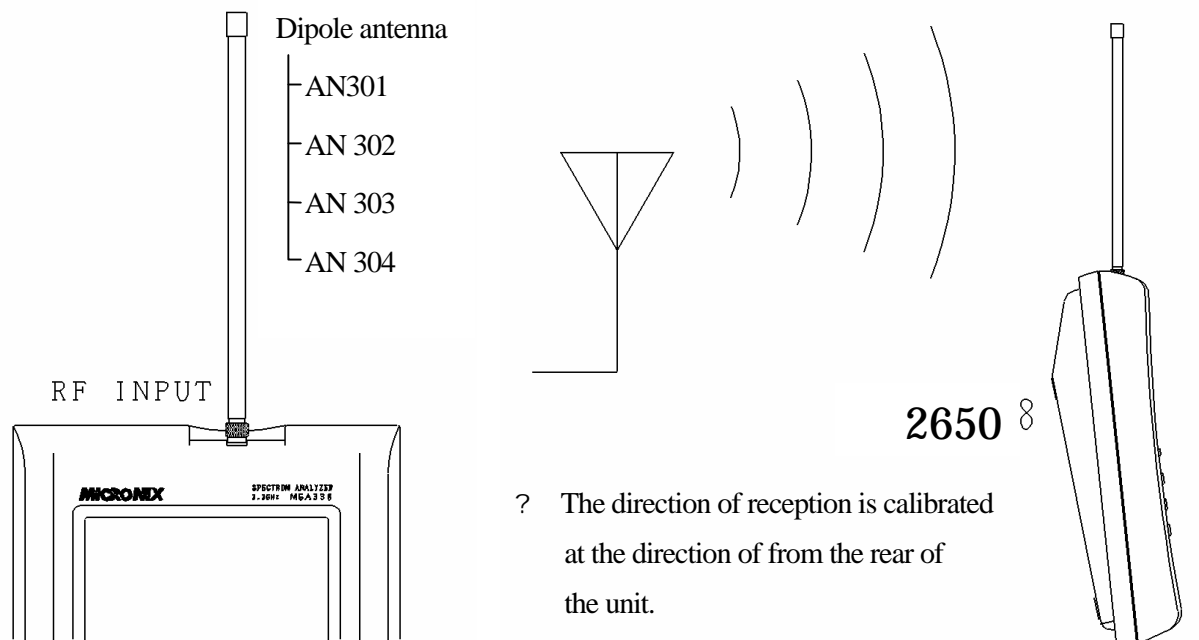
## 1 9 . 4 Electric field strength measurement <E/F ANT>

Measures electric field strength by connecting an optional dipole antenna.

Allows using an antenna other than options by creating and inputting the original calibration table.

? Antenna connection?

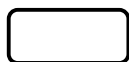
? Measurement environment?



“Specifications of the dipole (antenna gain and VSWR are specified at a center of frequency range).”

Items	AN 301	AN 302	AN 303	AN 304
Frequency range	0.8 to 1.0GHz	1.25 to 1.65GHz	1.70 to 2.20 GHz	2.25 to 2.65GHz
Antenna gain	+1dBi or higher	+1dBi or higher	+1dBi or higher	+1dBi or higher
VSWR	1.5 or lower	1.5 or lower	1.5 or lower	1.5 or lower
Dimensions	7.5f ×250mm	7.5f ×250mm	7.5f ×180mm	7.5f ×180mm
Weight	approx.20g	approx.20g	approx. 20g	approx.20g
Reference level setting range	96 to 146dBμV/m	100 to 150dBμV/m	103 to 153dBμV/m	104 to 154dBμV/m

? Mode selection and measurement



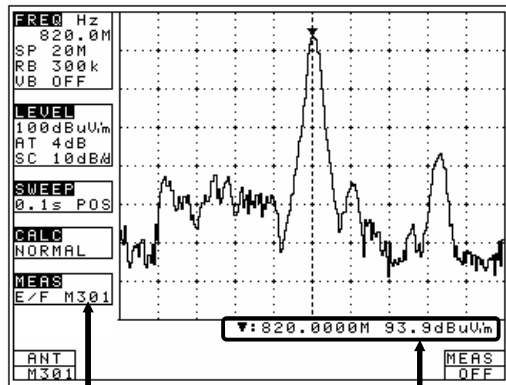
(ANT) to select an antenna, AN 301, AN 302, AN 303, AN 304 or USER. As soon as the antenna is entered, the measurement is taken.



? It is each shown on MEAS area of LCD as “M/F AN 301”, “M/F AN 302”, “M/F AN 303”, “M/F AN 304” or “M/F USER”.

? “USER” is an original calibration table the user crates.

(Refer to “23.1 Command description” for details.)



[Electric field strength  
measurement mode]

[Measured value]

Unit of amplitude axis changes to [dBμV/m]

? Optimum center frequency and frequency span  
are set according to the antenna.

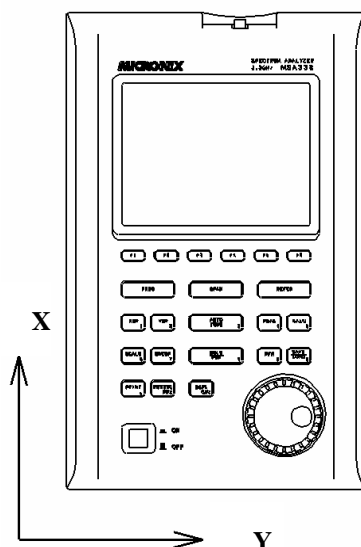
In addition, a trace is not displayed for  
frequencies outside those supported by the  
antenna.

(Example) case of AN 301

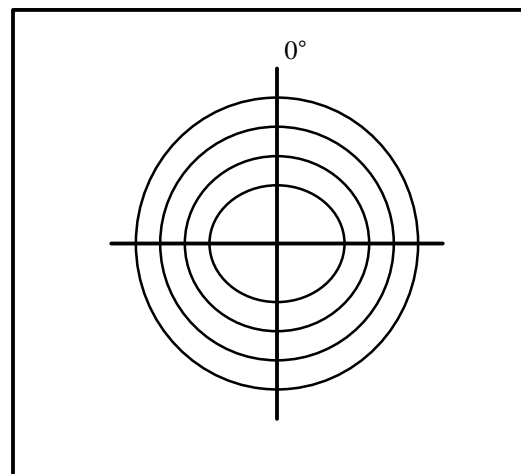
Center frequency: 900MHz

Frequency span : 200MHz

? Antenna directivity (reference data)



E plane : X-Y axis (X direction=0°)

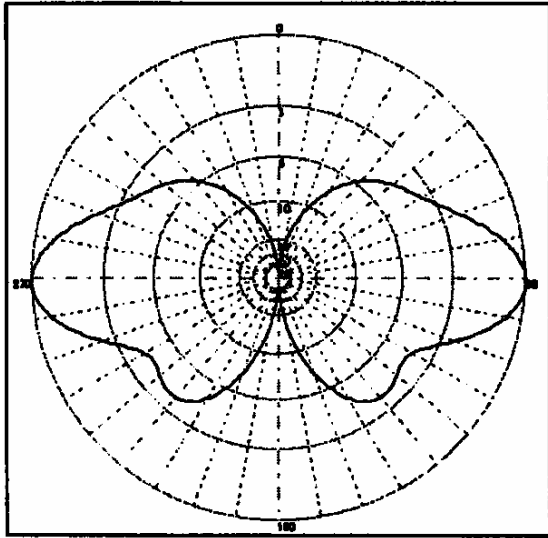


? All the data are those when the antenna is connected to the RF input with no obstacles around.

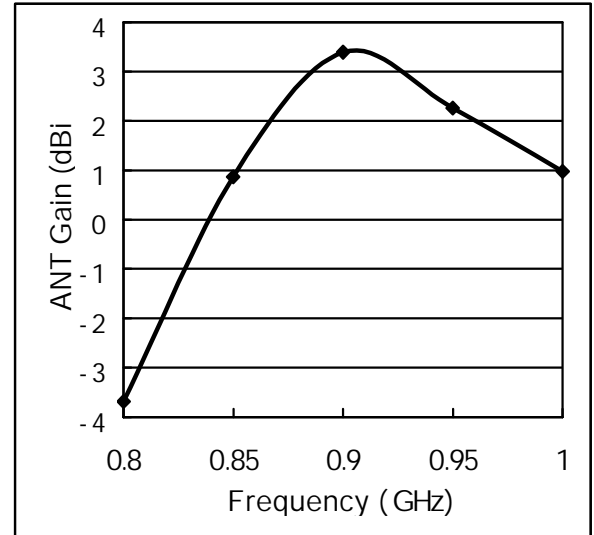
So, the directivity changes in practice, because, for example, the unit is carried by people.

AN 301 (900MHz, E plane)

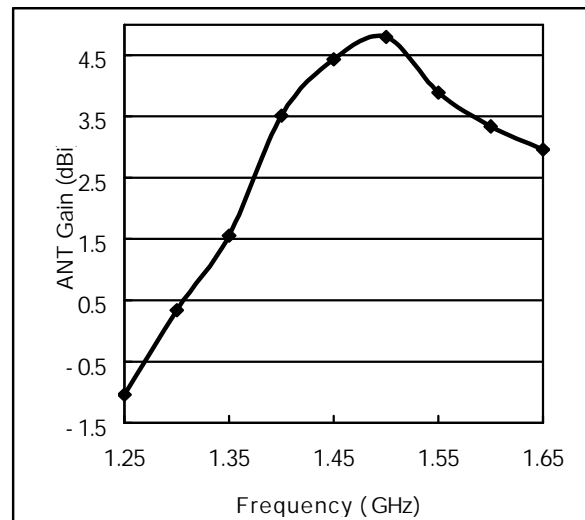
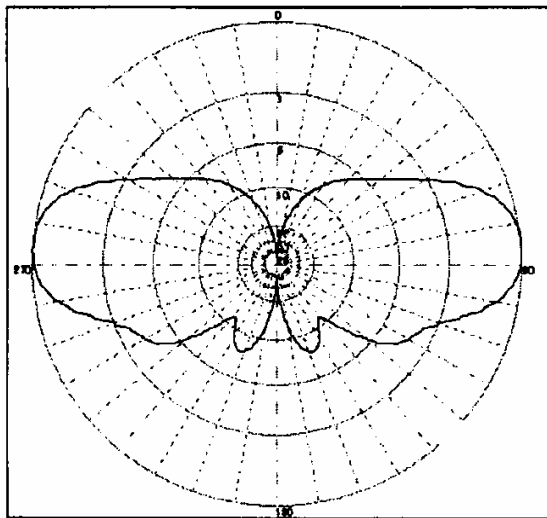
Antenna gain vs. Frequency



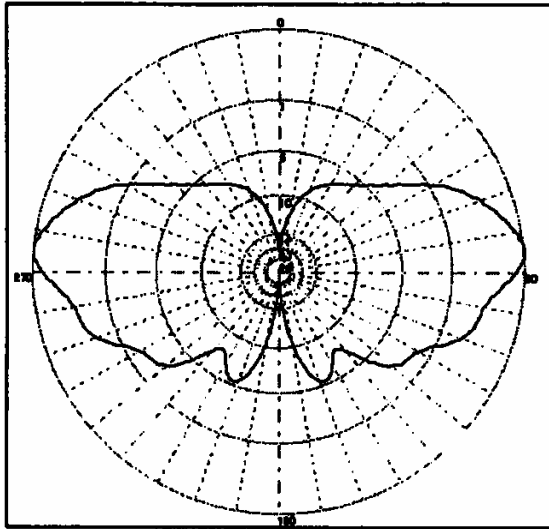
AN 302 (1.5GHz, E plane)



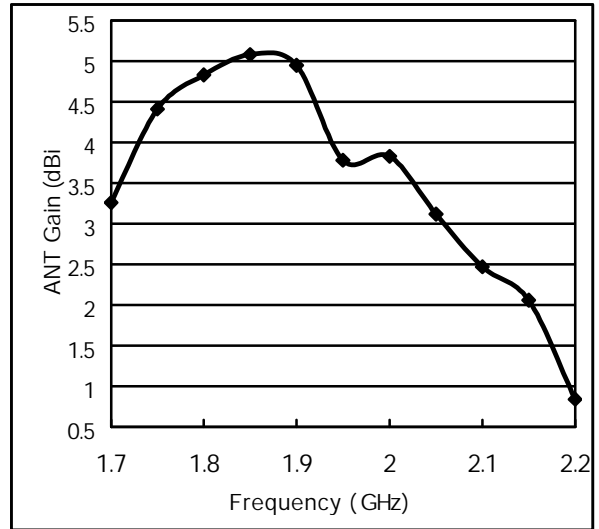
Antenna gain vs. Frequency



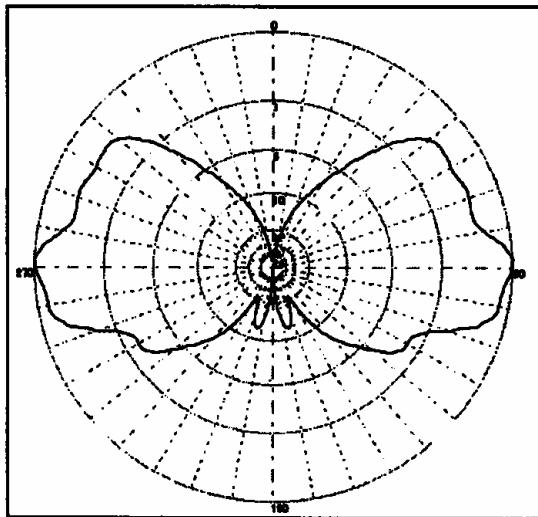
AN 303 (2.0GHz, E plane)



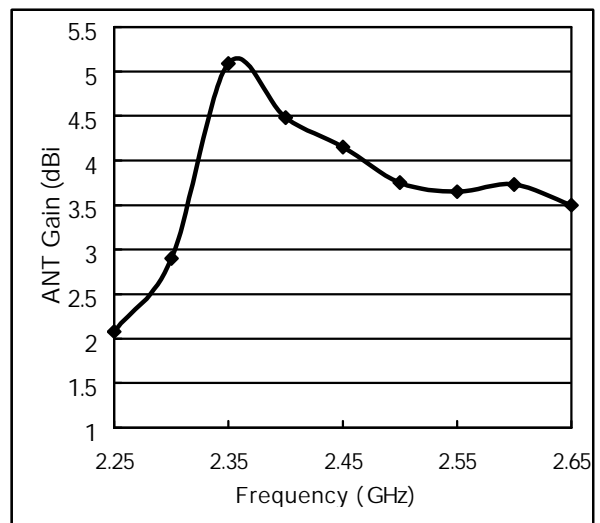
Antenna gain vs. Frequency



AN 304 (2.4GHz, E plane)

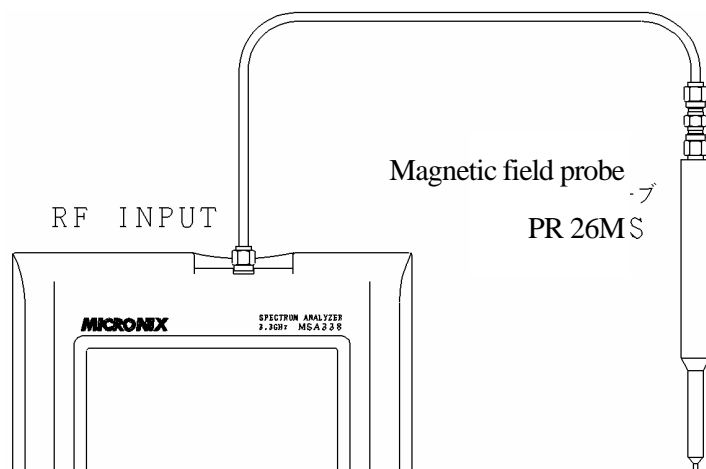


Antenna gain vs. Frequency



## 1 9 . 5 Magnetic field strength measurement <M/F PROBE> (optional)

Measures the magnetic field strength using the optional magnetic field probe PR 26M.



“Specifications of magnetic field probe PR 26M”

Items	Specifications
Frequency range	10MHz to 3GHz
Space resolution	approx.0.25 mm (Depending on objects)
Dimensions	outside: 12f ×135mm probe tip: 2mm(W)×1mm(T)
Connector	SMA (P)
Reference level setting range (maximum)	159 to 178dBμA /m
Reference level setting range (minimum)	109 to 128dBμA /m
Measurement error	approx.±1dB (Measurement error of the instrument itself is not included.)

The tip of the optional magnetic field probe PR 26M is made of glass-ceramic board. Take care when handling the probe even though the strength of the glass-ceramic board is sufficiently ensured under normal operation.

(Refer to the operating manual for PR 26M for details.)

### ? Registration of the probe ID

Magnetic field strength measurement cannot be used without entering the “Probe ID” attached to the optional magnetic field probe, PR 26M. Once you have entered it, you don't need to enter it again.

When you press **MEAS** and  in that order, “Input PROBE ID” will appear in the measured

value display area on the screen. Then, input the 14-digit “Probe ID” with the numeric keypads.

Press  (ENTER) to confirm it. Press  (CLEAR) to delete the entire value and allow you to input one from the beginning. Press  (BACK SPACE) to delete the last input figure.

Press  to cancel the probe ID input display.

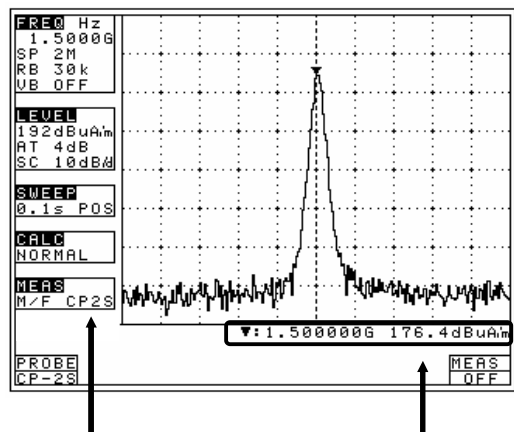
## ? Mode selection and measurement

Use  (PROBE) to select a probe, PR 26M or USER. As soon as the probe is entered, the measurement is taken.

? It is each shown on MEAS area of LCD as “M/F CP2S” or “M/F USER”.

? “USER” is an original calibration table the user creates.

(Refer to “23.1 Command description” for details.)



[Measuring mode]

[Measured value]

Unit of amplitude axis are changing to [dBμA/m]

? A trace is not displayed for frequencies outside those supported by the probe.

## 2 0 . Screen Control <DSPL>

Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:

CTR S 1 4 0	B . L .  ON	B L C T R 2 0 0	I N V T  OFF	BUZ Z R ON	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

### 2 0 . 1 Adjusting the contrast

Use  →  to Adjust the contrast.

### 2 0 . 2 Switching ON and OFF the LCD backlight

Each time  is pressed, the LCD backlight is alternately switched to ON or OFF.

### 2 0 . 3 Adjusting the brightness of the LCD backlight

Use  →  to set the brightness.

### 2 0 . 4 Inverting the display

Press  to invert the screen display. Press  again to return it to the previous state.

## 20.5 Enabling or disabling the beep

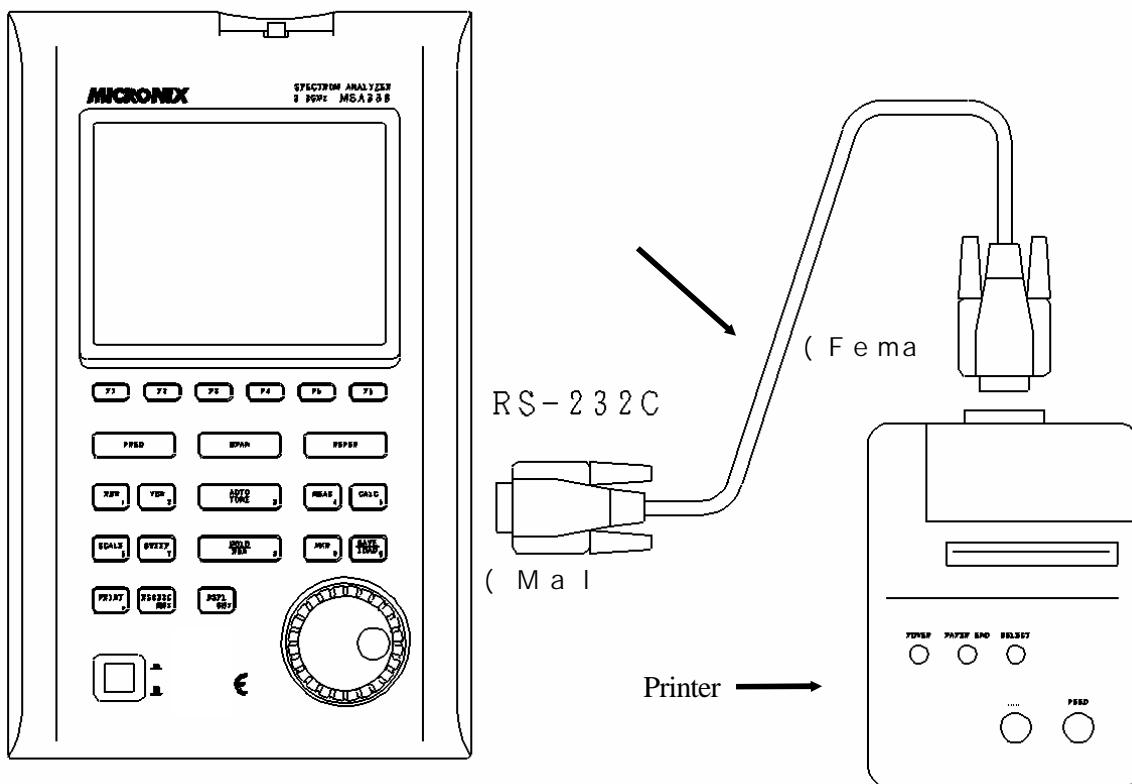
Pressing  allows you to disable the beep that sounds when you operate a key or the encoder.

Press  again to return it to the previous state.


## 2 1 . Printing <PRINT>

## 2 1 . 1 How to connect

When using the optional printer, connect the RS-232C cable as shown in the figure below.



**2 1 . 2 Hard copy of the screen**

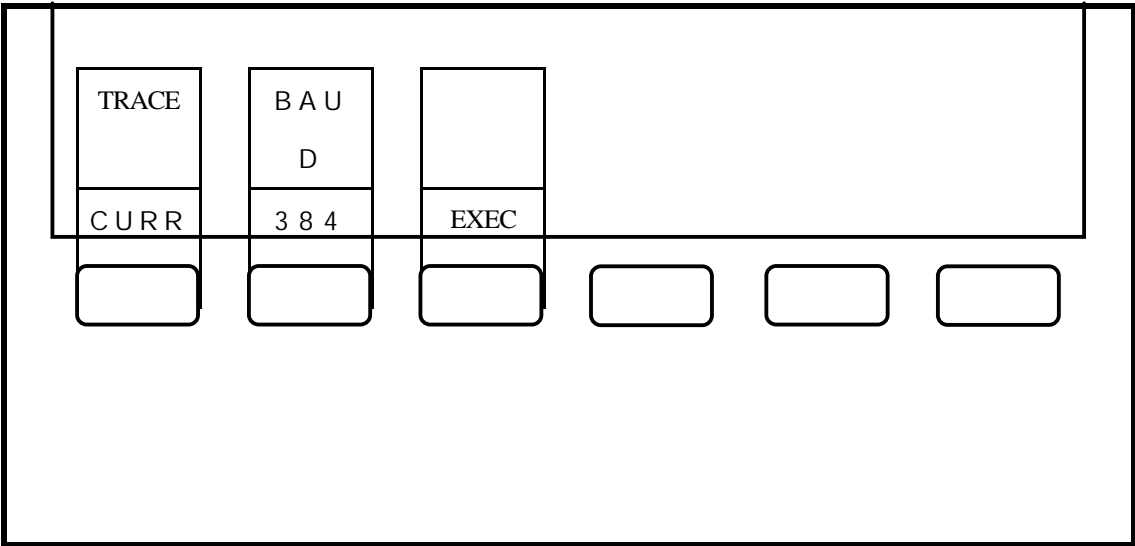
When you press the  with the printer (optional) connected to the unit, it is set to the HOLD

state and starts printing. It remains in the HOLD state after the printing is finished. It stops printing if you press the  again during printing.

Since the printer operates with power supply from either the AC adapter or dry batteries, you can easily produce a hard copy of measured data even when outdoors where no AC power supply is available. When battery-powered, the printer operates for approximately 30 minutes (continuous use), allowing you to produce about 80 hard copies of the screen image.

## 2 2 . Data Output <RS232C>

Press  to switch over to the function screen shown below:



? Refer to “23. RS-232C” for “How to connect” and “RS-232C specifications”

### 2 2 . 1 Selecting the trace to transfer


Use to select a trace.

C U R R  $\longleftrightarrow$  ~~0 0~~  $\longleftrightarrow$  0 1  $\longleftrightarrow$  ~~0 2~~  $\longleftrightarrow$  0 3  $\longleftrightarrow$  . . . 9 8  
9 9

? An asterisk ( \* ) appears when there is a saved trace at the selected number as well as “SAVE/LOAD”.



## 2 2 . 2 Selecting the communication speed (baud rate)

Use  →  to select a baud rate.

2 4 0 0 ↔ 4 8 0 0 ↔ 9 6 0 0 ↔ 1 9 2 0 0 3 8 4 0 0

## 2 2 . 3 Transfer the data

Press  to start the transfer.

The data are transmitted as ASCII cord character strings.

? Contents of data

Character strings	Description	Example
P A R A M	This means that the data from the next line are “setting parameters”.	P A R A M
C F * *	Center frequency Refer to ?	C F 2 . 5 1 4 0 G
S P * *	Frequency span Refer to ?	S P 2 0 M
R F * *	Reference level Refer to ?	R F 1 0 d B m
S T * * ??	Sweep time and detection mode Refer to ?	S T 3 0 m s S M P
R B * *	Resolution bandwidth Refer to ?	R B 3 0 0 k
V B * *	Video bandwidth Refer to ?	V B O F F
S C * *	Display scale (* * = 10dB/d/ 2dB/d)	S C 1 0 d B / d
T R A C E	This means that the data from the next line are “trace data”.	T R A C E
* * , * * , . . .	These are trace data. Ten two-digit hexadecimal characters separated by commas make a line, and there are 26 lines (251data) of data in total. For Trace 1001 data transfer, there are 101 lines (1001 data) of data in total.	2 4 , 2 0 , 1 f , 1 f , 1 e , . . . . . . 2 3

? “CR( 0 D [ H E X ] ) + LF( 0 A [ H E X ] ) ” is added to the tail of every data.

? : C e n t e r f r e q u e n c y

C F \* \* [ \* \* = 0.0 M/ 0. 1 M~ 9 9 9 . 9 M(0. 1 s t e p)/ 0. 0 0 0 1 G~ 3. 3 G(0. 0

001step))

? : F r e q u e n c y   s p a n

SP   \* \*            [ \* \* = Z E R O / 2 0 0 k / 5 0 0 k / 1 M / 2 M / 5 M / 1 0 M / 2 0 M /  
5 0 M / 1 0 0 M / 2 0 0 M / 5 0 0 M / 1 G / 2 G / F U L L ]

? : R e f e r e n c e   l e v e l

RF   \* \*            [ \* \* = - 4 0 ~ 1 0 d B m / 6 7 ~ 1 1 7 d B  $\mu$  V / 7 ~ 5 7 d B m V / - 5 3 ~ - 3 d B V  
/  
9 6 ~ 1 5 4 d B  $\mu$  V / m / 1 0 9 ~ 1 7 8 d B  $\mu$  A / m ( a l l   1 s t e p ) ]

? : S w e e p   t i m e   a n d   D e t e c t i o n   m o d e

ST   \* \*   ??        [ \* \* = 1 0 m s / 3 0 m s / 0 . 1 s / 0 . 3 s / 1 s / 3 s / 1 0 s / 3 0 s ]  
[ ?? = P O G / N E G / S M P ]

? R e s o l u t i o n   b a n d w i d t h

RB   \* \*            [ \* \* = 3 k / 1 0 k / 3 0 k / 1 0 0 k / 3 0 0 k / 1 M / 3 M ]

? V i d e o   b a n d w i d t h

VB   \* \*            [ \* \* = 1 0 0 / 3 0 0 / 1 k / 3 k / 1 0 k / 3 0 k / 1 0 0 k / 3 0 0 k / O F F ]

## **2 3 . RS-232C Interface**

### **2 3 . 1 RS-232C specifications**

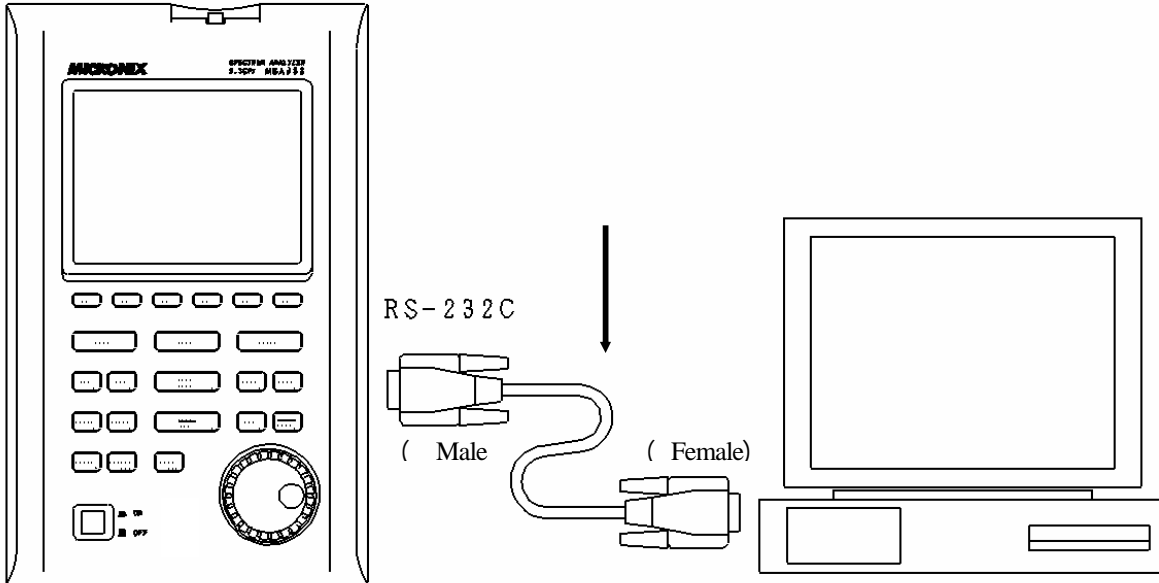
: 2400/4800/9600/19200/38400bps

- Transfer rate: 8bit
- Date bit length : 1bit
- Stop bit : none
- Parity check

### **2 3 . 2 How to connect**

When using the RS-232C interface, connect the RS-232C cable as shown in the figure below.

? Refer to “22. Data Output” about changing baud rate.



COM PORT ( Dsub 9pin, male)

? Use the conversion connector, in the case that is Dsub 25pin( male)

## 2 3 . 3 Command description

? “CR(0D[HEX])+ LF(0A[HEX])” is added to the tail of every command. When you send a command from your PC, MSA338 returns a response. Responses include “OK” + CR + LF, “ERR” + CR + LF and “(response to command)” + CR + LF.

? By inputting “?” instead of “\* \* ” for each command, the current setting parameters are returned.

Except for “· · · Request” command and command for inputting corrected data.

### 1 ) Set the center frequency

Command : FREQ \* \* \* \* \*

( \* \* \* \* \* = Refer to ? 2 3 . 4 Input the frequency ? )

### 2 ) Request the set marker

Command : FREQSETMR The center frequency is set according to the frequency of current marker position.

### 3 ) Set the span

Command : SPAN \* \* \* \*

( \* \* \* \* = ZERO / 200 K / 500 K / 1 M / 2 M / 5 M / 10 M / 20 M / 50 M / 100 M

/

500 M / 1 G / 2 G / FULL [ unit : Hz ] )

**4 ) Set the reference level**

Command: REF\*\*\*

(\*\*\* = -40 ~ 10 [1 step, unit: dBm])

? For units other than dBm, use the conversion formulas in "9.3 Reference level setting range for each unit" to convert them into dBm before inputting the value.

**5 ) Set the reference unit**

Command: UNIT\*\*\*

(\*\*\* = DBM/ DBVU/ DBMV/ DBV)

Command	Unit
DBM	dBm
DBUV	dB $\mu$ V
DBMV	dBmV
DBV	dBV

**6 ) Set the RBW**

Command: RBW\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\* = 3K/ 10K/ 30K/ 100K/ 300K/ 1M/ 3M/ AUTO/ ALL [unit:

Hz] )

**7 ) Set the VBW**

Command: VBW\*\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\* = 100/ 1K/ 3K/ 10K/ 30K/ 100K/ 300K/ OFF/ AUTO/ ALL

[unit: Hz] )

**8 ) Start/Stop the measuring function**

Command: MEAS\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\* = CP/ ACP/ OBW/ EF/ MF/ OFF)

Command	Measuring function
CP	Channel power measurement
ACP	Adjacent channel leakage power measurement
OBW	Occupied frequency bandwidth measurement
EF	Electric field strength measurement
MF	Magnetic field strength measurement
OFF	OFF

**9 ) Request the result of measuring function**

Command: MEASRES

? Example of the return data

Case of channel power measurement: . . . POW: -25.5 dBm

Case of adjacent channel power measurement: . . . L: -44.7 dBc U: -48.3 dBc

Case of occupied bandwidth measurement: . . . C: 1.45 G W: 20.00 k

**10 ) Set the mode of channel power measurement**

Command: CPMODE\*\*\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\*\* = TOTAL/ BAND)

Command	Mode
TOTAL	Measure the power of whole range on the screen
BAND	Measure the power within zone set

**11 ) Set the zone center frequency of channel power measurement**

Command: CPCNTR\*\*\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\*\* = Refer to ?23.4 Input the frequency?)

**1 2 ) Set the zone width of channel power measurement**

Command: CPWIDTH\*\*\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\*\* = Refer to ?23.4 Input the frequency?)

**1 3 ) Set the mode of adjacent channel power measurement**

Command: ACPMODE\*\*\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\*\* = TOTAL / REF / PEAK)

Command	Mode
TOTAL	TOTAL(total power method)
BAND	BAND(in-band method)
PEAK	PEAK(reference level method)

**1 4 ) Set the band offset of adjacent channel power measurement**

Command: ACPOFS\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\*\* = Refer to ?23.4 Input the frequency?)

**1 5 ) Set the bandwidth of adjacent channel power measurement**

Command: ACPCHBW\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\*\* = Refer to ?23.4 Input the frequency?)

**1 6 ) Set the reference band center frequency of adjacent channel power measurement**

Command: ACPREF\*\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\*\* = Refer to ?23.4 Input the frequency?)

**1 7 ) Set the reference bandwidth of adjacent channel power measurement**

Command: ACPREFBW\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\*\* = Refer to ?23.4 Input the frequency?)

**1 8 ) Set the mode of occupied bandwidth measurement**

Command: OBWMODE\*\*

(\* = N % / DB)

Command	Mode
N %	N% POWER mode
DB	XdB DOWN mode

**1 9 ) Set the N% ratio of occupied bandwidth measurement**

Command: OBWRATIO\*\*\*

(\*\*\* = 80.0 ~ 99.9 [0.1 step? unit : %] )

**2 0 ) Set the XdB down of occupied bandwidth measurement**

Command: OBWDB\*\*\*

(\*\*\* = 0.1 ~ 40.0 [0.1 step? unit: dB])

**2 1 ) Set the antenna of electric field strength measurement**

Command: EFANT\*\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\* = M3 0 1 / M3 0 2 / M3 0 3 /  
M3 0 4 / USER)

Command	Antenna
M3 0 1	Setting date for AN 301
M3 0 2	Setting date for AN 302
M3 0 3	Setting date for AN 303
M3 0 4	Setting date for AN 304
USER	Setting date for user's original antenna

**2 2 ) Transfer the user-correction data of electric field strength measurement**

Command: EFUSER\*\*\*

Example of the correction date: \*\*\* = 2.25G: 2.08DBI, . . . 2.65G: 3.5DB

? If the correction coefficient is -0.3dBi at 2.5GHz, the correction data is "2.5G: -0.3DBI"

Set apart by " , " between date and input from lower frequency. 10data are available.

**2 3 ) Set the probe of magnetic field strength measurement**

Command: MFPROBE\*\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\* = CP2S / USER)

Command	Probe
CP2S	Setting data for PR 26M
USER	Setting data for user's original probe

**2 4 ) Transfer the user-correction date for magnetic field strength measurement**

Command: MFUSER\*\*\*

Example of the correction date: \*\*\* = 10M: 86.7DB, 100M: 69.2DB, . . . 3G:

40DB

? . If the correction coefficient is 86.7dB at 10MHz, the correction data is "10M: 86.7DB"

Set apart by " , " between date and input from lower frequency. 10data are available.

**2 5 ) Start/Stop Calculation**

Command: CALC\*\*\*

(\*\*\* = OFF / MAX / MIN /  
AVE / OVR)

Command	Calculation
OFF	OFF
MAX	MAX HOLD
MIN	MIN HOLD
AVE	AVERAGE
OVR	OVER WRITE

**2 6 ) Set the number of MAX HOLD**

Command: MAXNO\*\*\*\*

(\*\*\*\* = 2 / 4 / 8 / 16 / 32 / 64 / 128 /  
256 / 512 / 1024 / 0)

? Command 0 = unlimited

**2 7 ) Set the number of MIN HOLD**

Command: MINNO\*\*\*\*

( \* \* \* \* = 2 / 4 / 8 / 16 / 32 / 64 / 128 /  
256 / 512 / 1024 / 0 )

## 2 8 ) Set the number of AVERAGE

Command : AVENO \* \* \*

( \* \* \* = 2 / 4 / 8 / 16 / 32 / 64 / 128 / 256 )

## 2 9 ) Set the display scale of amplitude axis

Command : SCALE \* \*

( \* \* = 2 / 10 )

Command	Display scale
2	2dB/div
10	10dB/div

## 3 0 ) Set the sweep time

Command : SWEEP \* \* \* \*

( \* \* \* \* = 10 M / 30 M / 0.1 S / 0.3 S / 1 S / 3 S / 10 S / 30 S / AUTO / ALL )

Command	Sweep time
10 M	10ms
30 M	30ms
0.1 S	0.1s
0.3 S	0.3s
1 S	1s

Command	Sweep time
3 S	3s
10 S	10s
30 S	30s
AUTO	AUTO
ALL	ALL AUTO

## 3 1 ) Set the detection mode

Command : DET \* \* \*

( \* \* \* = POS / NEG / SMP )

Command	Detection mode
POS	Positive peak mode
NEG	Negative peak mode
SMP	Sample mode

## 3 2 ) Request the AUTOTUNE

Command : AUTO

? Returns the response after tuning.

## 3 3 ) Request the action

Command : HOLD / RUN

## 3 4 ) Request the marker information

Command : MKRRES ? Example of returned data: 1 . 42 G - 15 dBm

## 3 5 ) Set the marker mode

Command : MKR \* \* \* \* \*

( \* \* \* \* \* = NORM / DELTA )

Command	Marker mode
NORM	Normal marker
DELTA	Delta marker

## 3 6 ) Set the marker position

Command : NORMMKR \* \* \* \* \*

(\* \* \* \* \* = Refer to ?23.4 Input the frequency?)

**3 7 ) Set the peak search mode**

Command: PEAK\* \* \* \*

(\* \* \* \* = NORM/ ZONE)

Command	Peak search mode
NORM	Normal peak search
ZONE	Zone peak search

**3 8 ) Request the peak search**

Command: PKSEARCH\* \*

(\* = 01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 05 /  
06 / 07 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11)

Command	Position to where the marker moves
0 1	Position of the maximum peak on the screen
0 2	Position of the 2nd highest peak on the screen
. . .	. . .
1 1	Position of the 11th highest peak on the screen

**3 9 ) Set the zone center frequency of peak search**

Command: PKCNTR\* \* \* \* \*

(\* \* \* \* \* = Refer to ?23.4 Input the frequency?)

**4 0 ) Set the zone width of peak search**

Command: PKWIDTH\* \* \* \* \*

(\* \* \* \* \* = Refer to ?23.4 Input the frequency?)

**4 1 ) Set the unit of marker**

Command: CONV\* \* \*

(\* \* \* = DBM/ W/ DBV/ V/  
DBVUM/ VM)

Command	Unit of marker
DBM	dBm
W	W
DBV	dBV
V	V
DBVUM	dB $\mu$ V/m
VM	V/m

**4 2 ) Request the transfer of hard copy**

Command: PRT ? When transferring the returned data to optional printer, hard copy is performed.

**4 3 ) Request to transfer trace**

Command: SRS\* \* \* \*

(\* \* \* \* = CURR/ 00 ~ 99)

Command	Trace that is transferred
CURR	Trace of Current
0 0	Trace of save data 1
. . .	. . .
9 9	Trace of save data 100

**4 4 ) Request to transfer 1001 date of trace**

Command: SRSF (Refer to “22.3 Transfer the data” about returned data.)

**4 5 ) Request the preset**

Command: PRESET



#### 4 6 ) Set the remote control

Command : REMOTE \* \* \*

(\* \* \* = ON/ OFF)

? When remote control is ON, "REMOTE" is displayed in the operating information display area on the LCD screen.

(Refer to "4. Description Of Screen"

for details)

Command	Remote control
ON	Any operation from the keys or the encoder of the main body will not be accepted. Control the unit with RS-232C commands.
OFF	The operation from the keys or the encoder of the main body and RS-232C commands will be accepted.

#### 4 7 ) Confirmation of capturing situation

Command : CAPT

? If the capturing is finished and the data can be transferred, "COMP" is returned. If the capturing is in progress and the data cannot be transferred, or if the data has not been updated, "BUSY" is returned.

### 2 3 . 4 Input the frequency

For the items written (\* \* \* \* \* = Refer to ? 2 3 . 4 Input the frequency ? ) in ? 2 3 . 3 Command description ? above, enter a frequency as follows.

\* \* \* \* \* = 0 . 0 k ~ 9 9 9 . 9 k [ 0 . 1 step ? unit : Hz ]  
0 . 0 M ~ 9 9 9 . 9 M [ 0 . 1 step ? unit : Hz ]  
0 . 0 0 0 1 G ~ 3 . 3 G [ 0 . 0 0 0 1 step ? unit : Hz ]

? However, the offset frequency and zone width can be input only in the range decided by the center frequency and frequency span. The value out of the range becomes error.

? Values of the offset frequency and the zone width will change as you alter the frequency span.

### 2 3 . 5 Sample program

An example program to send following setting with RS-232C is shown below:

Setting : Center frequency 1GHz

```
1 0      'FREQ SETT
ING
2 0      OPEN "COM1 : N 8 1 N" AS # 1
3 0      PRINT # 1 "FREQ1 G"      ' "FREQ1 G" OUTPU
T
4 0      INPUT # 1 A$      ' "OK" READ
5 0      CLOSE # 1
```

## **2 4 . PC Software Model AK 2650 (optional)**

### **Corresponding OS**

Windows 95

Windows 98

Windows 2000

Windows Me

Windows NT

### **Installation procedure**

- ? Start windows.
- ? Insert the AK 2650 software CD into the CD-ROM drive.  
The setup will start automatically and the initial screen will appear.
- ? Follow the instructions on the screen.

- ? If the setup does not start,
  - ? Double-click on the My Computer icon.
  - ? Double-click on the CD-ROM icon.
  - ? Double-click on “setup.exe”.
  - ? Follow the instructions on the screen.

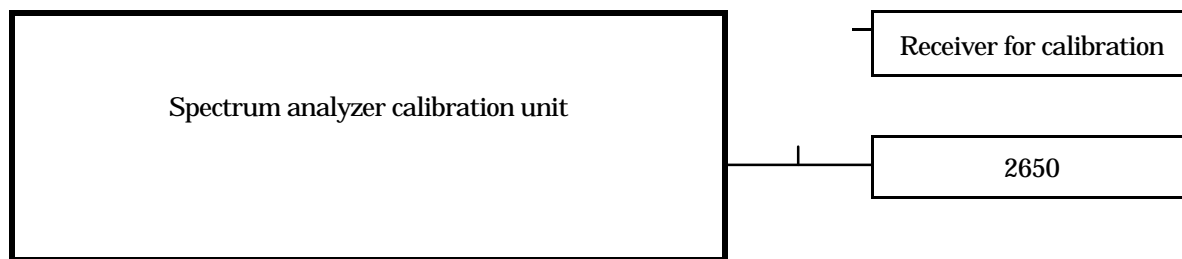
Refer to the “REEDME” in the 2650 for details.

- ? The software can be updated from our Web site.  
See our Web site or the “REEDME” in AK 2650 for details.
- ? URL: [http: //www.bkprecision.com](http://www.bkprecision.com)

## 2 5 . Basis Performance Test

To keep the quality of the unit, regular performance testing is recommended. This section describes a method and specification of basic performance testing. If a problem is found in the results of basic performance testing, or formal testing is needed, please contact the dealership where you purchased the product, or contact us.

[Connection diagram]



### 2 5 . 1 Frequency characteristics

Adjust the output level of the spectrum analyzer calibration unit (thereafter, “calibration unit”) so that the displayed power value is -15dBm at each frequency for this unit, and measure the absolute value with a receiver for calibration (microwave power meter, etc.).

Setting of MSA338			Specifications	Measurement value	Judgment
Center frequency	Frequency span	RBW			
5 0 k H z	2 0 0 k H z	1 0 k H z	within Reference±2 . 6 d B ±1 dot		
1 0 0 k H z	2 0 0 k H z	3 0 k H z	within Reference±2 . 6 d B ±1 dot		
1 M H z	2 M H z	1 0 0 k	within Reference±1 . 6 d B ±1 dot		

		H z			
1 0 M H z	1 0 M H z	3 M H z	within Reference $\pm 1 . 0$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		
1 0 0 M H z	1 0 M H z	3 M H z	Reference		
1 G H z	1 0 M H z	3 M H z	within Reference $\pm 1 . 0$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		
2 G H z	1 0 M H z	3 M H z	within Reference $\pm 1 . 0$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		
3 . 3 G H z	1 0 M H z	3 M H z	within Reference $\pm 1 . 0$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		

? RBW switching error is included at RBW other than 3MHz.

?Setting of 2650

Reference level : -15dBm

VBW : OFF

Sweep time : 1s

Detection mode : SMPL

Display scale : 2dB/div

?Setting of calibration unit

Frequency : Same as a center frequency of

2650. However, no outputs

for 0 Hz

Output power : Adjust the power indication of

2650 to -15dBm.

## 2 5 . 2 Accuracy of reference level

Adjust the output level of the calibration unit so that the displayed value of this unit is the 0th div from the top, and calibrate the absolute value with the receiver for calibration (microwave power meter, etc.).

Setting of 2650	Specifications	Measurement value	Judgment
Reference level			
+ 1 0 d B m	within $\pm 1 . 4$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		
0 d B m	within $\pm 1 . 4$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		

- 1 0 d B m	within $\pm 1 . 4$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		
- 1 5 d B m	within $\pm 0 . 8$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		
- 2 0 d B m	within $\pm 1 . 4$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		
- 3 0 d B m	within $\pm 1 . 4$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		
- 4 0 d B m	within $\pm 1 . 4$ d B $\pm 1$ dot		

? Input attenuator switching error is included at the reference level other than -15dBm.

?Setting of 2650

Center frequency : 100MHz  
Frequency span : 10MHz  
RBW : 3MHz  
VBW : OFF  
Sweep time : 1s  
Detection mode : SMPL  
Display scale : 2dB/div

?Setting of calibration unit

Frequency : 100MHz  
Output power : Adjust it so that the indicated value of 2650 is at the 0th div from the top.

## 2 5 . 3 The display accuracy of the center frequency

Measure the frequency with the peak search function of 2650.

Setting of 2650			Specifications	Measurement value	Judgment
Center frequency	Frequency span	RBW			
1 0 0 MHz	2 0 0 k H z	3 k H z	within $\pm 1$ 3 0 k H z $\pm 1$ dot		
1 0 0 MHz	1 0 MHz	3 0 k H	within $\pm 1$ 3 0 k H z $\pm 1$		

		z	dot		
1 0 0 MHz	2 0 MHz	1 0 0 k Hz	within $\pm 8 0 0 \text{ k Hz} \pm 1$ dot		
1 0 0 MHz	2 0 0 MHz	1 0 0 k Hz	within $\pm 8 0 0 \text{ k Hz} \pm 1$ dot		
1 GHz	5 0 0 MHz	1 0 0 k Hz	within $\pm 8 0 0 \text{ k Hz} \pm 1$ dot		
1 GHz	2 GHz	3 MHz	within $\pm 8 0 0 \text{ k Hz} \pm 1$ dot		
1 . 6 5 Hz	F U L L ( 3 . 3 GHz )	3 MHz	within $\pm 8 0 0 \text{ k Hz} \pm 1$ dot		

?Setting of 2650

Reference level : -15dBm

VBW : AUTO

Sweep time : 1s

Detection mode : SMPL

Display scale : 10dB/div

?Setting of calibration unit

Output power : -15dBm

? However, calibrate the signal generator  
in advance.

## 2 5 . 4 The display accuracy of the Frequency span

Adjust the frequency of the calibration equipment so that the peaks are at the positions of  $f_1$  and  $f_9$ , and measure the frequencies of  $f_1$  and  $f_9$ . Calculate from  $f_1$  and  $f_9$  the accuracy of the frequency span indication.

Setting of 2650			Specifications	f <sub>1</sub> Measurement value	f <sub>9</sub> Measurement value	( f <sub>9</sub> - f <sub>1</sub> ) × 1 . 2 5	Judgment
Frequency span	Center Frequency	RBW					
2 0 0 k H	1 0 0 M	3 k H z	within $\pm 2 6 \text{ k Hz}$				

z	Hz		$\pm 1$ dot				
10 MHz	100 MHz Hz	100 kHz Hz	within $\pm 320$ kHz z $\pm 1$ dot				
20 MHz	100 MHz Hz	300 kHz Hz	within $\pm 0.8$ MHz $\pm 1$ dot				
200 MHz z	100 MHz Hz	3 MHz	within $\pm 6.2$ MHz $\pm 1$ dot				
500 MHz z	1 GHz	3 MHz	within $\pm 15.2$ MHz z $\pm 1$ dot				
2 GHz	1 GHz	3 MHz	within $\pm 60.2$ MHz z $\pm 1$ dot				
FULL (3.3 GHz) Hz)	1.65 GHz Hz	3 MHz	within $\pm 99.2$ MHz z $\pm 1$ dot				

?  $f_1$ : 1st div from the left on the trace screen     $f_9$ : 9th div from the left on the trace screen

?Setting of 2650

Reference level : -15dBm  
 VBW : AUTO  
 Sweep time : 1s  
 Detection mode : SMPL

?Setting of calibration unit

Frequency : Adjust it to the positions of  $f_1$   
 and  $f_9$ .  
 Output power : -15dBm

## 2.5.5 Linearity of the amplitude axis

Adjust the level of the calibration unit so that the peak is at the top of the amplitude axis (0th div), and regard the point set at that time as the reference. Gradually lower the output, starting from the reference, and measure

the amplitude value of 2650.

Setting of 2650	Output of calibration unit	Specifications	Measurement value	Judgment
Display scales				
1 0 d B /d i v	X d B m ( adjust it to the 0th div)	Reference( - 1 5 d B m)	( - 1 5 d B m)	
	X - 1 0 d B	within - 2 5 d B m ±0 . 8 d B ±1 dot		
	X - 7 0 d B	within - 8 5 d B m ±1 . 6 d B ±1 dot		
2 d B /d i v	X d B m ( adjust it to the 0th div)	Reference( - 1 5 d B m)	( - 1 5 d B m)	
	X - 2 d B	within - 1 7 d B m ±0 . 2 d B ±1 dot		
	X - 1 0 d B	within - 2 5 d B m ±0 . 8 d B ±1 dot		

?Setting of 2650

Center frequency : 100MHz  
Reference level : -15dBm  
Frequency span : 10MHZ  
RBW : 3MHz  
VBW : OFF  
Sweep time : 1s  
Detection mode SMPL

?Setting of calibration unit

Frequency : 100MHz